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TITLE 6—AGRICULTURAL CREDIT

Chapter IV—Production and Marketing Administration and Commodity Credit Corporation, Department of Agriculture

Subchapter C—Loans, Purchases and Other Operations

[1949 C. C. C. Corn Bulletin 1, Supplement 3]

PART 606—CORN

SUBPART—1949 CORN EXTENDED RESEAL LOAN PROGRAM

This bulletin states the requirements with respect to a program (hereinafter referred to as the Corn Extended Reseal Loan Program) to extend reseal loans on 1949-crop corn in farm-storage. The program has been formulated by the Commodity Credit Corporation (hereinafter referred to as CCC) and the Production and Marketing Administration (hereinafter referred to as PMA) as part of the 1949 Corn Price Support Program (14 F. R. 6039, 6161, 6278 and 15 F. R. 1584, 2775, 3603, 3605 and 5465). The program will be carried out by PMA under the general supervision and direction of the President, CCC.

Sec.

AUTHORITY: §§ 606.150 to 606.161 issued under sec. 4, 62 Stat. 1070; 15 U. S. C. 714b. Interpret or apply secs. 4, 5, 62 Stat. 1070, 1072; 15 U. S. C. 714b, 714c.

§ 606.150 *Applicable sections of 1949 Corn Price Support Program.* The following sections of the 1949 Corn Price Support Program published in 14 F. R. 6039, 6161, and 15 F. R. 1584, 2775, 3603, 3605, and 5465 shall be applicable in their entirety to the 1949 Corn Extended Reseal Loan Program: §§ 606.101, *Administration;* 606.108, *Determination of quantity;* 606.109, *Determination of dockage;* 606.110, *Liens;* 606.113, *Interest rate;* 606.115, *Safeguarding of the corn;* 606.116, *Insurance;* 606.117, *Loss or damage to the corn;* 606.118, *Personal liability;* 606.120, *Removal of the corn under loan;* 606.121, *Release of the corn under loan;* 606.122, *Purchase of notes;* 606.126, *Basic support rates;* 606.140, *Approved forms;* 606.141, *Set-offs;* 606.144, *Transfer of producer's equity.* Other sections of the 1949 Corn Price Support Program Bulletin shall be applicable to the extent indicated in this subpart.

§ 606.151 *Availability*—(a) *Area.* The extended reseal loan program will be available in all areas where it is determined by the PMA State Committees that the 1949-crop corn under a farm-storage reseal loan can be safely stored for another year.

(b) *Time and source.* The producer who has a reseal loan and who desires to extend such loan must make application to the county committee which approved his reseal loan before the final date for delivery specified in the delivery instruction issued to him by the county committee on Form CL-15.

§ 606.152 *Eligible producer.* An eligible producer shall be any individual, partnership, association, corporation, or other legal entity who produced the corn in 1949 as landowner, landlord, tenant, or sharecropper and who has completed a reseal farm-storage loan on corn of the 1949 crop.

§ 606.153 *Eligible corn.* (a) To be eligible for an extended reseal loan, the corn must be ear or shelled corn in farm-storage presently under a reseal loan, and must meet eligibility requirements for loans as provided in the 1949 Corn Price Support Program.

(b) The commodity loan inspector shall with the producer inspect the corn. A representative sample of the corn shall be taken and submitted for grade analysis.

§ 606.154 *Approved storage.* Corn covered by any extended reseal loans must be stored in structures located on the farm, or off the farm, provided no warehouse receipt is outstanding, which, as determined by the county committee, are of such substantial and permanent construction as to afford safe storage of

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CODIFICATION GUIDE

A numerical list of the parts of the Code of Federal Regulations affected by documents published in this issue. Proposed rules, as opposed to final actions, are identified as such.

the corn. If the storage structure is owned or controlled by some person other than the producer and has not been leased by the producer for a term extending through September 30, 1952, consent for storage for the period ending September 30, 1952, must be obtained by the producer from such other person.

§ 606.155 *Quantity eligible for extended reseal loans.* The quantity of corn eligible for extended reseal loan will be the quantity shown on the original note and chattel mortgage less any quantity delivered or redeemed.

§ 606.156 *Service charges.* When a reseal loan is extended, the producer will not be required to pay an additional service charge.

§ 606.157 *Storage and track-loading payments*—(a) *Storage payment for 1950–51 storage period.* A producer who extends his farm-storage reseal loan will earn a storage payment for the 1950–51 storage period computed at the rate of 10 cents per bushel on the quantity of corn delivered to CCC under the extended reseal loan. The storage payment will be made at the time of settlement of the extended reseal loan only if the corn is delivered to CCC in satisfaction of the loan. No storage payment will be made to a producer who participates in the extended reseal loan program and redeems the mortgaged corn by repayment of the amount of the loan plus interest thereon.

(b) *Storage payment for 1951–52 storage period.* A producer who participates in the extended reseal loan program and in accordance with instructions of the county committee, delivers the corn to CCC on or after July 31, 1952, or prior to July 31, 1952, pursuant to the demand by the President, CCC, for repayment of the loan, provided such demand for repayment is not due to any fraudulent representations on the part of the producer or the fact that the corn was damaged, abandoned, or otherwise impaired due to negligence on the part of the producer, will receive a storage payment, computed at the rate of 10 cents per bushel on the quantity delivered under the extended reseal loan program. If the corn is delivered to CCC prior to July 31, 1952, upon request of the producer and with the approval of CCC, or in the case of loss assumed by CCC under the loan program, the amount of the storage payment will be prorated, depending upon the length of time the corn was in store, provided delivery was not made as a result of a demand for a repayment due to any fraudulent representation on the part of the producer or the fact that the corn was damaged, abandoned, or otherwise impaired due to negligence on the part of the producer. The prorated storage payment will be computed at the rate of 1/20 of a cent per bushel a day beginning on October 1, 1951 and ending on the date delivery is accomplished or ending on the final date for delivery as specified in the delivery instructions issued to the producer by the county committee, whichever is earlier, but not to exceed 10 cents per bushel, on the quantity delivered under the extended reseal program. In the case of losses assumed by CCC, the period for computing the storage payment shall end on the date of the loss.

(c) *Track-loading payment.* A track-loading payment of 2 cents per bushel will be made to the producer on corn delivered to CCC, in accordance with instructions of the county committee, on track at a country point.

§ 606.158 *Maturity and satisfaction.* (a) Loans will mature on demand but not later than July 31, 1952. The producer must pay off his loan, plus interest, on or before maturity or deliver the mortgaged corn in accordance with the instructions of the county committee. Credit will be given at the applicable settlement value according to grade and/or quality for the total quantity delivered, provided it was stored in the structure(s) in which the corn under loan was stored. The provisions in § 606.124, paragraph (a) of 1949 C. C. C. Corn Bulletin 1, will be applicable in determining the settlement value of corn delivered to CCC under an extended reseal loan.

(b) If the settlement value of the corn delivered exceeds the amount due on the loan, the amount of the excess shall be paid to the producer by sight draft drawn on CCC by the PMA State office.

(c) If the settlement value of the corn delivered is less than the amount due on the loan, the amount of the deficiency plus interest thereon shall be paid by the producer to CCC or may be set off against any payment which would otherwise be paid to the producer under any agricultural programs administered by the Secretary of Agriculture, or any other payments which are due or may become due to the producer from CCC or any other agency of the United States.

(d) In the event the farm is sold or there is a change of tenancy, the corn may be delivered before the maturity date of the loan upon prior approval by the county committee.

§ 606.159 *Support rates.* (a) The support rate for an extended reseal farm-storage loan shall be the same as the support rate established for the corn in § 606.126 of 1949 C. C. C. Corn Bulletin 1, Supplement 1, and any amendments thereto.

(b) Any discounts or premiums established for variation in quality as shown in the 1949 Corn Price Support Program Bulletin shall apply.

§ 606.160 *Commingling of corn in storage.* (a) With prior approval of the county committee, 1949-crop shelled corn, containing not more than 13.5 percent moisture, under 1949-crop extended reseal loan may be commingled in storage with 1950-crop shelled corn, containing not more than 13.5 percent moisture, under 1950-crop reseal loan.

(b) The producer may redeem all of the commingled corn by paying the holder of the note the principal amount of both loans plus interest, or he may redeem a portion of the corn by indicating which loan he desired to repay and paying the holder of the note the loan rate plus interest on the quantity of corn redeemed.

(c) Delivery of commingled corn will be prorated between the loans on a percentage basis determined by dividing the number of bushels resealed under each loan, minus any redeemed bushels, by the total number of bushels of commingled corn remaining under loan.

§ 606.161 *PMA commodity offices.* The PMA commodity offices and the areas served by them are shown below:

Atlanta 5, Ga., 50 Seventh Street NE: Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia.

Chicago 5, Ill., 623 South Wabash Avenue: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, Ohio.

Dallas 2, Tex., 1114 Commerce Street: Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas.

Kansas City 6, Mo., Fidelity Building, 911 Walnut Street: Colorado, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, Wyoming.

Minneapolis 3, Minn., Gamble-Skogmo Building, 15 North Eighth Street: Minnesota, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wisconsin.

New York 13, N. Y., 139 Centre Street: Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, West Virginia.

Portland 5, Oreg., 515 Southwest Tenth Avenue: Idaho, Oregon, Washington.

San Francisco 2, Calif., 335 Fell Street: Arizona, California, Nevada, Utah.

Issued this 11th day of July 1951.

[SEAL] ELMER F KRUSE,
Vice President,
Commodity Credit Corporation.

Approved:

G. F GEISSLER,
President,
Commodity Credit Corporation.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8116; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:53 a. m.]

TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter I—Production and Marketing Administration (Standards, Inspections, Marketing Practices), Department of Agriculture

PART 52—PROCESSED FRUITS AND VEGETABLES, PROCESSED PRODUCTS THEREOF, AND CERTAIN OTHER PROCESSED FOOD PRODUCTS

SUBPART B—UNITED STATES STANDARDS FOR GRADES OF PROCESSED FRUITS, VEGETABLES, AND OTHER PRODUCTS[1]

U. S. STANDARDS FOR GRADES OF CANNED GREEN BEANS AND CANNED WAX BEANS

On June 8, 1951, a notice of proposed rule making was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (16 F R. 5450) regarding a proposed revision of the United States Standards for Grades of Canned Green Beans and Canned Wax Beans. After consideration of all relevant matters presented, including the proposals set forth in the aforesaid notice, the following revised United States Standards for Grades of Canned Green Beans and Canned Wax Beans are hereby promulgated under the authority contained in the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (60 Stat. 1087; 7 U. S. C. 1621, et seq.) and Public Law 70 (82d Cong., approved July 1, 1951)

The Department finds that it is unnecessary and contrary to the public interest to give a 30-day notice of the effective date of the standards herewith published for the reasons that:

(1) The canning season is about to begin;

(2) The industry has been properly appraised through rule making of the revisions;

(3) No additional preparation on the part of the industry is required;

(4) The revisions are minor and create no hardships; therefore, the effective date of the standards issued will be July 16, 1951.

§ 52.165 *Canned green beans and canned wax beans*—(a) *Identity.* (1) "Canned green beans" means canned green beans as defined in the definitions and standard of identity for canned green beans (21 CFR, Cum. Supp., 51.10; 13 F. R. 3725) issued pursuant to the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

(2) "Canned wax beans" means canned wax beans as defined in the definitions and standard of identity for canned wax beans (21 CFR, Cum. Supp., 51.15; 13 F R. 3725) issued pursuant to the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

(3) "Canned beans" means canned green beans or canned wax beans.

(4) "Whole green beans" or "whole wax beans" means canned beans consisting of whole pods, including pods which after removal of either or both ends are less than 2¾ inches in length, or transversely cut pods not less than 2¾ inches in length.

(5) "Unit" means an individual green bean or wax bean, or portion of either, in canned beans.

(b) *Styles of canned beans.* (1) "Whole" means canned beans that are not arranged in any definite position in the container.

(2) "Whole vertical pack" means canned beans that are packed parallel to the sides of the container.

(3) "Whole asparagus styles" means canned beans consisting of pods that are cut at both ends, are of substantially equal lengths, and are packed parallel to the sides of the container.

(4) "Sliced lengthwise" or "French style" means canned beans consisting of pods that are sliced lengthwise.

(5) "Cut" or "cuts" means canned beans consisting of pods that are cut transversely into pieces less than 2¾ inches, but not less than ¾ inch, in length, and may contain shorter end pieces which result from cutting.

(6) "Short cut" or "short cuts" means canned beans consisting of pieces of pods of which not less than 75 percent are less than ¾ inch in length and not more than 1 percent are more than 1¼ inches in length.

(7) "Mixed" or "mixture" means a mixture of two or more of the following forms of canned beans: "whole;" "sliced lengthwise;" "cuts;" or "short cuts."

(c) *Grades of canned beans.* (1) "U. S. Grade A" or "U. S. Fancy" is the quality of canned green beans or canned wax beans that possess similar varietal characteristics; possess a normal flavor and odor; are not materially affected in appearance by sloughing of the epidermis; are very young and tender; and are of such quality with respect to clearness of liquor, uniformity of color, and absence of defects as to score not less than 90 points when scored in accordance with the scoring system outlined in this section.

(2) "U. S. Grade B" or "U. S. Extra Standard" is the quality of canned green beans or canned wax beans that possess similar varietal characteristics; possess a normal flavor and odor are not materially affected in appearance by sloughing of the epidermis; possess a reasonably uniform typical color; are young and reasonably tender; are reasonably free from defects; and are of such quality with respect to clearness of liquor as to score not less than 75 points when scored in accordance with the scoring system outlined in this section.

(3) "U. S. Grade C" or "U. S. Standard" is the quality of canned green beans or canned wax beans that possess similar varietal characteristics; possess a normal flavor and odor; are not seriously affected in appearance by sloughing of the epidermis; possess a fairly uniform typical color; are nearly mature and fairly tender; possess a fairly good liquor are fairly free from defects; and score not less than 60 points when scored in accordance with the scoring system outlined in this section.

(4) "Substandard" is the quality of canned beans that fail to meet the requirements of U. S. Grade C or U. S. Standard and may or may not be "Below standard in quality, good food, not high grade."

(d) *Recommended fill of container* The recommended fill of container is not incorporated in the grades of the finished product since fill of container, as such, is not a factor of quality for the purpose of these grades. It is recommended that each container of canned beans be filled with green beans or wax beans, as the case may be as full as practicable without impairment of quality and that the product and packing medium occupy not less than 90 percent of the total capacity of the container.

(e) *Recommended drained weight.* The drained weight recommendations in Table No. I of this section are not incoporated in the grades of the finished product since drained weight, as such, is not a factor of quality for the purpose of these grades. The drained weight of green beans or wax beans, as the case may be, is determined by emptying the contents of the container upon a No. 8 circular sieve of proper diameter and allowing to drain for 2 minutes. A sieve 8 inches in diameter is used for No. 2½ size cans (401 x 411) and smaller sizes, and a sieve 12 inches in diameter is used for containers larger than the No. 2½ size can.

TABLE NO. 1—RECOMMENDED DRAINED WEIGHTS, IN OUNCES, OF GREEN BEANS AND WAX BEANS

Container size or designation	Styles of canned beans			
	Whole	Whole vertical pack or whole asparagus style	Short cuts and cuts less than 1½ inches	French style and cuts 1½ inches and longer
No. 1 E	6½		6¾	
No. 1 tall	9¾		9¾	
No. 300	8½		8⅞	
No. 303	9½		9⅞	
No. 2	11½	12½	12	11½
No. 2½	16¾	18	17½	16¾
No. 10	61		63	63

(f) *Types of canned beans.* The type of canned beans is not incorporated in the grades of the finished product, since the type of canned beans is not a factor of quality for the purpose of these grades. The type of canned beans is dependent upon the type of beans packed in the container and is described as round type or flat type.

(1) "Round type canned green beans" are canned beans consisting of round type green beans having a width not greater than 1½ times the thickness of

[1] The requirements of these standards shall not excuse failure to comply with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

the bean. "Round type canned wax beans" are canned beans consisting of round type wax beans having a width not greater than 1½ times the thickness of the bean.

(2) "Flat type canned green beans" are canned beans consisting of flat type green beans having a width greater than 1½ times the thickness of the bean. "Flat type canned wax beans" are canned beans consisting of flat type wax beans having a width greater than 1½ times the thickness of the bean.

(g) *Sizes of green beans or wax beans in canned beans.* The size of green beans or wax beans is not a factor of quality of canned beans for the purpose of these grades. The size of a green bean or wax bean is determined by measuring the shorter diameter of the bean transversely to the long axis at the thickest portion of the pod. The designations of the various sizes of round type and flat type green beans or wax beans packed as canned beans are shown in Table No. II of this section.

TABLE NO. II—SIZES OF GREEN BEANS AND WAX BEANS IN CANNED BEANS

Size of beans (inches in thickness)	Round type beans in various styles of canned beans			Flat type beans in whole, cut or short cut beans	
	Number designation	Whole beans, word designation	Cut or short cut beans, word designation	Number designation	Word designation
Less than 14 1/64 inch in thickness	Size 1	Tiny	Small	Size 2	Small.
14 1/64 inch to, but not including, 18 1/64 inch in thickness	Size 2	Small	do	Size 3	Medium.
18 1/64 inch to, but not including, 21/64 inch in thickness	Size 3	Medium	do	Size 4	Medium large.
21/64 inch to, but not including, 24/64 inch in thickness	Size 4	Medium large	Medium	Size 5	Large.
24/64 inch to, but not including, 27/64 inch in thickness	Size 5	Large	Large	Size 6	Extra large.
27/64 inch or more in thickness	Size 6	Extra large	Extra large	Size 6	Do.

(h) *Ascertaining the grade.* (1) The grade of canned beans may be ascertained by considering, in conjunction with the requirements of the respective grade, the respective ratings of the factors of clearness of liquor, color, absence of defects, and maturity.

(2) The relative importance of each factor is expressed numerically on the scale of 100. The maximum number of points that may be given each such factor is:

Factors:	Points
(i) Clearness of liquor	10
(ii) Color	15
(iii) Absence of defects	35
(iv) Maturity	40
Total score	100

(3) "Normal flavor and normal odor" means that the canned beans are free from objectionable flavors and objectionable odors of any kind.

(i) *Ascertaining the rating for the factors which are scored.* The essential variations within each factor which is scored are so described that the value may be ascertained for each factor and expressed numerically. The numerical range within each factor which is scored is inclusive (for example, "32 to 35 points" means 32, 33, 34, or 35 points)

(1) *Clearness of liquor.* (i) Canned beans that possess a practically clear liquor may be given a score of 9 to 10 points. "Practically clear liquor" means that the liquor may possess a slight tint of yellow-green to green color and that not more than a trace of suspended material and sediment is present.

(ii) If the canned beans possess a reasonably clear liquor, a score of 7 to 8 points may be given. "Reasonably clear liquor" means that the liquor may be cloudy and contain a small quantity of sediment.

(iii) If the canned beans possess a fairly good liquor, a score of 5 to 6 points may be given. "Fairly good liquor" means that the liquor may be dull in color, but not off color; may be cloudy; or may possess a noticeable accumulation of sediment.

(iv) Canned beans that possess a liquor that is definitely off color for any reason, is excessively cloudy, or contains a seriously objectionable quantity of sediment may be given a score of 0 to 4 points and shall not be graded above Substandard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule)

(2) *Color.* (i) Canned beans that possess a practically uniform bright typical color may be given a score of 14 to 15 points. "Practically uniform bright typical color" means that the canned beans possess a color that is bright and typical of very young and tender green beans or wax beans, as the case may be, of similar varietal characteristics with not more than 5 percent, by count, which vary markedly from this color.

(ii) If the canned beans possess a reasonably uniform typical color, a score of 12 to 13 points may be given. "Reasonably uniform typical color" means that the canned beans possess a color that is typical of young and reasonably tender green beans or wax beans, as the case may be, of similar varietal characteristics with not more than 10 percent, by count, which vary markedly from this color.

(iii) Canned beans that possess a fairly uniform typical color may be given a score of 10 to 11 points. Canned beans that fall into this classification shall not be graded above U. S. Grade C or U. S. Standard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule) "Fairly uniform typical color" means that the canned beans possess a color that is typical of nearly mature and fairly tender green beans or wax beans, as the case may be, of similar varietal characteristics with not more than 15 percent, by count, which vary markedly from this color.

(iv) Canned beans that are definitely off color or fail to meet the requirements of subdivision (iii) of this subparagraph may be given a score of 0 to 9 points and shall not be graded above Substandard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule)

(3) *Absence of defects.* (i) The factor of absence of defects refers to the degree of freedom from extraneous vegetable matter, loose seed and pieces of seed, unstemmed units, ragged-cut units, split units, small pieces of pods, units damaged by mechanical injury, and units blemished by scars, pathological injury insect injury, or blemished by other means.

(a) "Blemished unit" means any unit in which the aggregate area affected exceeds the area of a circle ⅛ inch in diameter.

(b) "Seriously blemished" means blemished to such an extent that the appearance or eating quality of the unit is seriously affected.

(c) "Extraneous vegetable matter" means leaves, detached stems, and other similar vegetable matter.

(d) "Ragged-cut unit" means a section of a pod that has a very ragged edge, or a section of a pod that is partially cut.

(e) "Split unit" means a whole bean, cut, or short cut unit, that is split into two parts.

(f) "Small pieces of pods" means pieces of pods less than ½ inch in length.

(g) "Damaged by mechanical injury" means broken or damaged to such an extent that the appearance or eating quality of the unit is seriously affected.

(ii) Canned beans that are practically free from defects may be given a score of 32 to 35 points. "Practically free from defects" has the following meanings with respect to the following styles of packs of canned green beans or canned wax beans:

(a) *Whole or cut.* "Practically free from defects" means that the weight of all loose seed and pieces of seed does not exceed 3 percent of the drained weight of the units; the combined weight of all other defects and defective units does not exceed 10 percent of the drained weight of the units; and that for each 12 ounces, drained weight, of units there may be present:

Not more than 1 piece of extraneous vegetable matter, exclusive of detached stems;

Not more than 4 unstemmed units or 4 detached stems, or any combination of not more than 4 unstemmed units and detached stems;

Not more than 2 percent, by count, of blemished units, and of such 2 percent not more than one-half thereof may consist of units that are seriously blemished;

Not more than 5 ragged-cut units, 5 units damaged by mechanical injury, or any combination of not more than 5 ragged-cut units and units damaged by mechanical injury;

Not more than 5 percent, by weight, of split units; and

Not more than 40 small pieces of pods in cut style, provided that where the number of units per 12 ounces drained weight exceed 240, not more than 15 percent, by count, of the total units are less than ½ inch long.

(b) *Sliced lengthwise.* "Practically free from defects" means that the pods are well sliced; the combined weight of

all defects and defective units does not exceed 10 percent of the drained weight of the units; and that for each 12 ounces, drained weight, of units there may be present:

Not more than 1 piece of extraneous vegetable matter, exclusive of detached stems;
Not more than 4 unstemmed units or 4 detached stems, or any combination of not more than 4 unstemmed units and detached stems; and
Not more than 2 percent, by count, of blemished units, and of such 2 percent not more than one-half thereof may consist of units that are seriously blemished.

(c) *Short cuts.* "Practically free from defects" means that the weight of all loose seed and pieces of seed does not exceed 3 percent of the drained weight of the units; the combined weight of all other defects and defective units does not exceed 10 percent of the drained weight of the units; and that for each 12 ounces, drained weight, of units there may be present:

Not more than 1 piece of extraneous vegetable matter, exclusive of detached stems;
Not more than 4 unstemmed units or 4 detached stems, or any combination of not more than 4 unstemmed units and detached stems;
Not more than 5 ragged-cut units, 5 units damaged by mechanical injury, or any combination of not more than 5 ragged-cut units and units damaged by mechanical injury;
Not more than 5 percent, by weight, of split units; and
Not more than 2 percent, by count, of blemished units, and of such 2 percent not more than one-half thereof may consist of units that are seriously blemished.

(d) *Mixed when not containing pods that are sliced lengthwise.* "Practically free from defects" means that the weight of all loose seed and pieces of seed does not exceed 3 percent of the drained weight of the units; the combined weight of all other defects and defective units does not exceed 10 percent of the drained weight of the units; and that for each 12 ounces, drained weight, of units there may be present:

Not more than 1 piece of extraneous vegetable matter, exclusive of detached stems;
Not more than 4 unstemmed units or 4 detached stems, or any combination of not more than 4 unstemmed units and detached stems;
Not more than 2 percent, by count, of blemished units, and of such 2 percent not more than one-half thereof may consist of units that are seriously blemished;
Not more than 5 ragged-cut units, 5 units damaged by mechanical injury, or any combination of not more than 5 ragged-cut units and units damaged by mechanical injury;
Not more than 5 percent, by weight, of split units; and
Not more than 40 small pieces of pods, provided that where the number of units per 12 ounces drained weight exceed 240, not more than 15 percent, by count, of the total units are less than ½ inch long.

(e) *Mixed when containing pods that are sliced lengthwise.* "Practically free from defects" means that the pods that are sliced lengthwise are well sliced and that the combined weight of all defects and defective units does not exceed 10 percent of the drained weight of the units; and that for each 12 ounces, drained weight, of units there may be present:

Not more than 1 piece of extraneous vegetable matter, exclusive of detached stems;
Not more than 4 unstemmed units or 4 detached stems, or any combination of not more than 4 unstemmed units and detached stems;
Not more than 2 percent, by count, of blemished units, and of such 2 percent not more than one-half thereof may consist of units that are seriously blemished;
Not more than 5 percent, by weight, of split units; and
Not more than 40 small pieces of pods, provided that where the number of units per 12 ounces drained weight exceed 240, not more than 15 percent, by count, of the total units are less than ½ inch long.

(iii) If the canned beans are reasonably free from defects, a score of 27 to 31 points may be given. "Reasonably free from defects" has the following meanings with respect to the following styles of canned beans:

(a) *Whole or cut.* "Reasonably free from defects" means that the weight of all loose seed and pieces of seed does not exceed 4 percent of the drained weight of the units; the combined weight of all other defects and defective units does not exceed 15 percent of the drained weight of the units; and that for each 12 ounces, drained weight, of units there may be present:

Not more than 2 pieces of extraneous vegetable matter, exclusive of detached stems;
Not more than 5 unstemmed units or 5 detached stems, or any combination of not more than 5 unstemmed units and detached stems;
Not more than 4 percent, by count, of blemished units, and of such 4 percent not more than one-half thereof may consist of units that are seriously blemished;
Not more than 10 ragged-cut units, 10 units damaged by mechanical injury, or any combination of not more than 10 ragged-cut units and units damaged by mechanical injury;
Not more than 10 percent, by weight, of split units; and
Not more than 60 small pieces of pods in cut style, provided that where the number of units per 12 ounces drained weight exceed 240, not more than 25 percent, by count, of the total units are less than ½ inch long.

(b) *Sliced lengthwise.* "Reasonably free from defects" means that the pods are reasonably well sliced; the combined weight of all defects and defective units does not exceed 15 percent of the drained weight of the units; and that for each 12 ounces, drained weight, of units there may be present:

Not more than 2 pieces of extraneous vegetable matter, exclusive of detached stems;
Not more than 5 unstemmed units or 5 detached stems, or any combination of not more than 5 unstemmed units and detached stems; and
Not more than 4 percent, by count, of blemished units, and of such 4 percent not more than one-half thereof may consist of units that are seriously blemished.

(c) *Short cuts.* "Reasonably free from defects" means that the weight of all loose seed and pieces of seed does not exceed 4 percent of the drained weight of the units; the combined weight of all other defects and defective units does not exceed 15 percent of the drained weight of the units; and that for each 12 ounces, drained weight, of units there may be present:

Not more than 2 pieces of extraneous vegetable matter, exclusive of detached stems;
Not more than 5 unstemmed units or 5 detached stems, or any combination of not more than 5 unstemmed units and detached stems;
Not more than 10 ragged-cut units, 10 units damaged by mechanical injury, or any combination of not more than 10 ragged-cut units and units damaged by mechanical injury;
Not more than 10 percent, by weight, of split units; and
Not more than 4 percent, by count, of blemished units, and of such 4 percent not more than one-half thereof may consist of units that are seriously blemished.

(d) *Mixed when not containing pods that are sliced lengthwise.* "Reasonably free from defects" means that the weight of all loose seed and pieces of seed does not exceed 4 percent of the drained weight of the units; the combined weight of all other defects and defective units does not exceed 15 percent of the drained weight of the units; and that for each 12 ounces, drained weight, of units there may be present:

Not more than 2 pieces of extraneous vegetable matter, exclusive of detached stems;
Not more than 5 unstemmed units or 5 detached stems, or any combination of not more than 5 unstemmed units and detached stems;
Not more than 4 percent, by count, of blemished units, and of such 4 percent not more than one-half thereof may consist of units that are seriously blemished;
Not more than 10 ragged-cut units, 10 units damaged by mechanical injury, or any combination of not more than 10 ragged-cut units and units damaged by mechanical injury;
Not more than 10 percent, by weight, of split units; and
Not more than 60 small pieces of pods, provided that where the number of units per 12 ounces drained weight exceeds 240, not more than 25 percent, by count, of the total units are less than ½ inch long.

(e) *Mixed when containing pods that are sliced lengthwise.* "Reasonably free from defects" means that the pods that are sliced lengthwise are reasonably well sliced and that the combined weight of all defects and defective units does not exceed 15 percent of the drained weight of the units; and that for each 12 ounces, drained weight, of units there may be present:

Not more than 2 pieces of extraneous vegetable matter, exclusive of detached stems;
Not more than 5 unstemmed units or 5 detached stems, or any combination of not more than 5 unstemmed units and detached stems;
Not more than 4 percent, by count, of blemished units, and of such 4 percent not more than one-half thereof may consist of units that are seriously blemished;
Not more than 10 percent, by weight, of split units; and
Not more than 60 small pieces of pods, provided that where the number of units per 12 ounces drained weight exceed 240, not more than 25 percent, by count, of the total units are less than ½ inch long.

(iv) If the canned beans are fairly free from defects, a score of 22 to 26 points may be given. Canned beans that fall into this classification shall not be graded above U. S. Grade C or U. S. Standard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule) "Fairly free from defects" has the following meanings

with respect to the following styles of canned beans:

(a) *Whole or cut.* "Fairly free from defects" means that the weight of all loose seed and pieces of seed does not exceed 5 percent of the drained weight of the units; [2] the combined weight of all other defects and defective units does not exceed 20 percent of the drained weight of the units, and that:

The combined weight of all extraneous vegetable matter does not exceed 0.6 ounce per 60 ounces, drained weight, of the units; [2]

There are not more than 6 unstemmed units per 12 ounces, drained weight, of units; [2]

There are not more than 8 percent, by count, of blemished units, and of such 8 percent not more than one-half thereof may consist of units that are seriously blemished;

There may be present not more than 15 percent, by weight, of split units; and

There are not more than 60 units per 12 ounces, drained weight, of units which are less than ½ inch long in cut style, *Provided,* That where the number of units per 12 ounces drained weight exceeds 240, not more than 25 percent, by count, of the total units are less than ½ inch long.[2]

(b) *Sliced lengthwise.* "Fairly free from defects" means that the pods are fairly well sliced; the combined weight of all defects and defective units does not exceed 20 percent of the drained weight of the units, and that:

The combined weight of all extraneous vegetable matter does not exceed 0.6 ounce per 60 ounces, drained weight, of the units; [2]

There are not more than 6 unstemmed units per 12 ounces, drained weight, of the units; [2] and

There are not more than 8 percent, by count, of blemished units,[2] and of such 8 percent not more than one-half thereof may consist of units that are seriously blemished.

(c) *Short cuts.* "Fairly free from defects" means that the weight of all loose seed and pieces of seed does not exceed 5 percent of the drained weight of the units; the combined weight of all other defects and defective units does not exceed 20 percent of the drained weight of the units, and that:

The combined weight of all extraneous vegetable matter does not exceed 0.6 ounce per 60 ounces, drained weight, of the units; [2]

There are not more than 6 unstemmed units per 12 ounces, drained weight, of the units; [2]

There may be present not more than 15 percent, by weight, of split units; and

There are not more than 8 percent, by count, of blemished units,[2] and of such 8 percent not more than one-half thereof may consist of units that are seriously blemished.

(d) *Mixed when not containing pods that are sliced lengthwise.* "Fairly free from defects" means that the weight of all loose seed and pieces of seed does not exceed 5 percent of the drained weight of the units; [2] the combined weight of all other defects and defective units does not exceed 20 percent of the drained weight of the units, and that;

The combined weight of all extraneous vegetable matter does not exceed 0.6 ounce per 60 ounces, drained weight, of the units; [2]

There are not more than 6 unstemmed units per 12 ounces, drained weight, of units; [2]

There are not more than 8 percent, by count, of blemished units,[2] and of such 8 percent not more than one-half thereof may consist of units that are seriously blemished;

There may be present not more than 15 percent, by weight, of split units; and

There are not more than 60 units per 12 ounces, drained weight, of units which are less than ½ inch long, *Provided,* That where the number of units per 12 ounces drained weight exceeds 240, not more than 25 percent, by count, of the total units are less than ½ inch long.[2]

(e) *Mixed when containing pods that are sliced lengthwise.* "Fairly free from defects" means that the pods that are sliced lengthwise are fairly well sliced; and that the combined weight of all defects and defective units does not exceed 20 percent of the drained weight of the units, and that:

The combined weight of all extraneous vegetable matter does not exceed 0.6 ounce per 60 ounces, drained weight, of the units; [2]

There are not more than 6 unstemmed units per 12 ounces, drained weight, of units; [2]

There are not more than 8 percent, by count, of blemished units,[2] and of such 8 percent not more than one-half thereof may consist of units that are seriously blemished;

There may be present not more than 15 percent, by weight, of split units; and

There are not more than 60 units per 12 ounces, drained weight, of units which are less than ½ inch long, *Provided,* That where the number of units per 12 ounces drained weight exceeds 240, not more than 25 percent, by count, of the total units are less than ½ inch long.[2]

(v) Canned beans that fail to meet the requirements of subdivision (iv) of this subparagraph may be given a score of 0 to 21 points and shall not be graded above Substandard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule) and may also be "Below standard in quality, good food, not high grade" for the following applicable reasons: excessive number of very short pieces, excessive number of blemished units, excessive number of unstemmed units, excessive foreign material, and excessive loose seed and pieces of seed.

(4) *Maturity.* (i) The factor of maturity refers to the degree of development of pods and seeds and the tenderness of the pods.

(a) "Trimmed pod" means any pod from which there has been trimmed off as far as the end of the space formerly occupied by seed, any portion of the pod from which seed has become separated.

(b) "Tough strings" means strings or pieces of string at least 1½ inch in length which will support a 1½ pound weight for not less than 5 seconds.

(c) "Fibrous material" means the properly prepared, dried cellulose material obtained from deseeded pods, including strings, broken or unbroken.

(ii) Canned beans that are very young and tender may be given a score of 35 to 40 points. "Very young and tender" means that the units are fullfleshed for the variety, tender and not fibrous; the seeds are in the early stages of maturity; and not more than 5 percent, by count, of the units possess tough strings.

(iii) If the canned beans are young and reasonably tender, a score of 29 to 34 points may be given. Canned green beans or canned wax beans that fall into this classification shall not be graded above U. S. Grade B or U. S. Extra Standard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule) "Young and reasonably tender" means that the units may, to some extent, have lost their fleshy structure; the seeds may have passed the early stages of maturity and have not reached the late stages of maturity; are not fibrous; and not more than 10 percent, by count, of the units may possess tough strings.

(iv) If the canned beans are nearly mature and fairly tender, a score of 23 to 28 points may be given. Canned green beans or canned wax beans that fall into this classification shall not be graded above U. S. Grade C or U. S. Standard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule) "Nearly mature and fairly tender" means that the units may have lost, to a considerable extent, their fleshy structure, and that:

The trimmed pods contain not more than 25 percent, by weight, of seed and pieces of seed; [2]

The deseeded pods contain not more than 0.15 percent, by weight, of fibrous material; [2] and

Not more than 20 percent, by count, of the units may possess tough strings except that in case there are present units at least 2⅜ inch or more in diameter, there are not more than 12 strings or pieces of string in 12 ounces, drained weight, which will support a 1½ pound weight for not less than 5 seconds.[2]

(v) Canned beans that fail to meet the requirements of subdivision (iv) of this subparagraph may be given a score of 0 to 22 points and shall not be graded above Substandard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule), and may also be "Below Standard in quality, good food, not high grade," for the following applicable reasons: excessive seed and pieces of seed in trimmed pods, excessive fibrous material in deseeded pods, and excessive tough strings when there are present units 2⅜ inch or more in diameter.

(j) *Tolerance for certification of officially drawn samples.* When certifying samples that have been officially drawn and which represent a specific lot of canned green beans or canned wax beans, the grade for such lot will be determined by averaging the total score of all containers, if:

(i) Not more than one-sixth of the containers comprising the sample fails to meet all the requirements of the grade indicated by the average of such total scores, and with respect to such containers which fail to meet the requirements of the indicated grade by reason of a limiting rule, the average score of all containers in the sample for the factor, subject to such limiting rule, must be within the range for the grade indicated;

(ii) None of the containers comprising the sample falls more than 4 points below the minimum score for the grade indicated by the average of the total scores; and

[2] Determined as outlined in the standards of quality of canned green beans (21 CFR, Cum. Supp., 51.11; 13 F. R. 3726) and canned wax beans (21 CFR, Cum. Supp., 51.16; 13 F. R. 3728) promulgated under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

(iii) All containers comprising the sample meet all applicable standards of quality promulgated under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and in effect at the time of the aforesaid certification.

(k) *Score sheet for canned green beans or canned wax beans.*

Container size			
Container code or marking			
Label			
Net weight (ounces)			
Vacuum (inches)			
Drained weight			
Type (round or flat)			
Variety (green or wax)			
Style			
Size of green beans or wax beans			
Factors	Score points		
I. Clearness of liquor	10	(A) 9-10 (B) 7-8 (C) 5-6 (SStd.) [1] 0-4	
II. Color	15	(A) 14-15 (B) 12-13 (C) [1] 10-11 (SStd.) [1] 0-9	
III. Absence of defects	35	(A) 32-35 (B) 27-31 (C) [1] 22-26 (SStd.) [1] 0-21	
IV. Maturity	40	(A) 35-40 (B) [1] 29-34 (C) [1] 23-28 (SStd.) [1] 0-22	
Total score	100		
Grade			
Normal flavor and odor			

[1] Indicates limiting rule.

(l) *Effective time and supersedure.* The revised United States Standards for Grades of Canned Green Beans and Canned Wax Beans (which are the fifth issue) contained in this section will become effective July 16, 1951, and will thereupon supersede the United States Standards for Grades of Canned Green Beans and Canned Wax Beans which have been in effect since October 2, 1948.

(Sec. 205, 60 Stat. 1090, Pub. Law 70, 82d Cong.; 7 U. S. C. 1624)

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 11th day of July 1951.

[SEAL] ROY W LENNARTSON,
Assistant Administrator Production and Marketing Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8117; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:53 a. m.]

Chapter IX—Production and Marketing Administration (Marketing Agreements and Orders), Department of Agriculture

[Orange Reg. 199]

PART 933—ORANGES, GRAPEFRUIT, AND TANGERINES GROWN IN FLORIDA

LIMITATION OF SHIPMENTS

§ 933.528 *Orange Regulation 199*—(a) *Findings.* (1) Pursuant to the marketing agrement, as amended, and Order No. 33, as amended (7 CFR Part 933) regulating the handling of oranges, grapefruit, and tangerines grown in the State of Florida, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended, and upon the basis of the recommendations of the committees established under the aforesaid amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of shipments of oranges, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication thereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001 et seq.) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient; and this section relieves restrictions on the handling of oranges grown in the State of Florida.

(b) *Order* (1) Orange Regulation 198 (7 CFR 933.526; 16 F R. 5155) is hereby terminated as of the effective time of this section.

(2) During the period beginning at 12:01 a. m., e. s. t., July 16, 1951, and ending at 12:01 a. m., e. s. t., September 15, 1951, no handler shall ship:

(i) Any oranges, except Temple oranges, grown in the State of Florida which grade U. S. No. 3, or lower than U. S. No. 3 grade;

2 (ii) Any oranges, except Temple oranges, grown in the State of Florida which are of a size larger than a size that will pack 126 oranges, packed in accordance with the requirements of a standard pack in a standard nailed box; or

(iii) Any Temple oranges, grown in the State of Florida which grade U. S. No. 2 Russet, U. S. No. 3, or lower than U. S. No. 3 grade.

(3) As used in this section, the terms "handler," and "ship," shall each have the same meaning as when used in said amended marketing agreement and order; and the terms "U. S. No. 2," "U. S. No. 2 Russet," "U. S. No. 3," "standard pack," and "standard nailed box" shall each have the same meaning as when used in the revised United States Standards for Oranges (7 CFR 51.192)

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. and Sup., 608c)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 12th day of July 1951.

[SEAL] M. W BAKER,
Acting Director, Fruit and Vegetable Branch, Production and Marketing Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8138; Filed, July 13, 1951; 9:02 a. m.]

[Grapefruit Reg. 143]

PART 933—ORANGES, GRAPEFRUIT, AND TANGERINES GROWN IN FLORIDA

LIMITATION OF SHIPMENTS

§ 933.529 *Grapefruit Regulation 143*—(a) *Findings.* (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 33, as amended (7 CFR Part 933) regulating the handling of oranges, grapefruit, and tangerines grown in the State of Florida, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended, and upon the basis of the recommendations of the committees established under the aforesaid amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of shipments of grapefruit, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001 et seq.) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient; and this section relieves restrictions on the handling of grapefruit grown in the State of Florida.

(b) *Order* (1) Grapefruit Regulation 142 (7 CFR 933.527; 16 F R. 5156) is hereby terminated as of the effective time of this section.

(2) During the period beginning at 12:01 a. m., e. s. t., July 16, 1951, and ending at 12:01 a. m., e. s. t., September 15, 1951, no handler shall ship:

(i) Any grapefruit of any variety, grown in the State of Florida which grade U. S. No. 3 or lower than U. S. No. 3 grade;

(ii) Any white seeded grapefruit, grown in Regulation Area 1 which grade U. S. No. 2 Russet;

(iii) Any seeded grapefruit grown in the State of Florida, which are of a size smaller than a size that will pack 96 grapefruit, packed in accordance with the requirements of a standard pack, in a standard nailed box;

(iv) Any seedless grapefruit, grown in the State of Florida, which are of a size smaller than a size that will pack 126 grapefruit, packed in accordance with the requirements of a standard pack, in a standard nailed box.

(3) As used in this section, "Regulation Area I," "handler," "variety," and "ship," will have the same meaning as when used in said amended marketing agreement and order; and "U. S. No. 2 Russet," "U. S. No. 3," "standard pack," and "standard nailed box" shall have the same meaning as when used in the revised United States Standards for Grapefruit (7 CFR 51.191)

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. and Sup., 608c)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 12th day of July 1951.

[SEAL] M. W BAKER,
Acting Director, Fruit and Vegetable Branch, Production and Marketing Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8139; Filed, July 13, 1951; 9:03 a. m.]

[Lemon Reg. 391]

PART 953—LEMONS GROWN IN CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA

LIMITATION OF SHIPMENTS

§ 953.498 *Lemon Regulation 391*—(a) *Findings.* (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 53, as amended (7 CFR Part 953; 14 F. R. 3612) regulating the handling of lemons grown in the State of California or in the State of Arizona, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.) and upon the basis of the recommendation and information submitted by the Lemon Administrative Committee, established under the said amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of the quantity of such lemons which may be handled, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule-making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication thereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001 et seq.) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient, and a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the provisions hereof effective as hereinafter set forth. Shipments of lemons, grown in the State of California or in the state of Arizona, are currently subject to regulation pursuant to said amended marketing agreement and order; the recommendation and supporting information for regulation during the period specified herein was promptly submitted to the Department after an open meeting of the Lemon Administrative Committee on July 11, 1951 such meeting was held, after giving due notice thereof to consider recommendations for regulation, and interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit their views at this meeting; the provisions of this section, including its effective time, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such lemons; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period hereinafter specified; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject thereto which cannot be completed by the effective time thereof.

(b) *Order.* (1) The quantity of lemons grown in the State of California or in the State of Arizona which may be handled during the period beginning at 12:01 a. m., P. s. t., July 15, 1951, and ending at 12:01 a. m., P. s. t., July 22, 1951, is hereby fixed as follows:

(i) District 1: Unlimited movement;

(ii) District 2: 500 carloads;

(iii) District 3: Unlimited movement.

(2) The prorate base of each handler who has made application therefor, as provided in the said amended marketing agreement and order, is hereby fixed in accordance with the prorate base schedule which is attached hereto and made a part hereof by this reference.

(3) As used in this section, "handled," "handler," "carloads," "prorate base," "District 1," "District 2," and "District 3," shall have the same meaning as when used in the said amended marketing agreement and order.

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. and Sup., 608c)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 12th day of July 1951.

[SEAL] M. W. BAKER,
Acting Director, Fruit and Vegetable Branch, Production and Marketing Administration.

PRORATE BASE SCHEDULE

DISTRICT NO. 2

[Storage date: July 8, 1951]

[12:01 a. m. July 15, 1951, to 12:01 a. m. July 29, 1951]

Handler	Prorate base (percent)
Total	100.000
American Fruit Growers, Inc., Corona	.381
American Fruit Growers, Inc., Fullerton	.620
American Fruit Growers, Inc Upland	.341
Badington Fruit Co	.510
Hazeltine Packing Co	.280
Ventura Coastal Lemon Co	1.162
Ventura Pacific Co	2.093
Glendora Lemon Growers Association	1.723
La Verne Lemon Association	.630
La Habra Citrus Association	2.031
Yorba Linda Citrus Association, The	1.200
Escondido Lemon Association	3.224
Alta Loma Heights Citrus Association	.107
Etiwanda Citrus Fruit Association	3.12
Mountain View Fruit Association	.323
Old Baldy Citrus Association	.049
San Dimas Lemon Association	1.031
Upland Lemon Growers Association	5.225
Central Lemon Association	1.234
Irvine Citrus Association, The	1.217
Placentia Mutual Orange Association	709
Corona Citrus Association	.426
Corona Foothill Lemon Co	2.313
Jameson Co	1.108
Arlington Heights Citrus Co	.970
College Heights Orange & Lemon Association	2.647
Chula Vista Citrus Association, The	1.001
El Cajon Valley Citrus Association	.031
Escondido Cooperative Citrus Association	.257
Fallbrook Citrus Association	1.835
Lemon Grove Citrus Association	.403
Carpinteria Lemon Association	1.930
Carpinteria Mutual Citrus Association	2.433
Goleta Lemon Association	4.328
Johnston Fruit Co	5.204
North Whittier Heights Citrus Association	.936
San Fernando Heights Lemon Association	.538
Sierra Madre-Lamanda Citrus Association	1.049
Briggs Lemon Association	2.652
Culbertson Lemon Association	1.930
Fillmore Lemon Association	1.521
Oxnard Citrus Association	5.056
Rancho Scope	1.185
Santa Clara Lemon Association	3.459
Santa Paula Citrus Fruit Association	3.933
Saticoy Lemon Association	2.952
Seaboard Lemon Association	3.957
Somis Lemon Association	2.775
Ventura Citrus Association	.969
Ventura County Citrus Association	.018
Limoneira Co	2.751
Teague-McKevett Association	.979
East Whittier Citrus Association	.923
Lelingwell Rancho Lemon Association	1.023
Murphy Ranch Co	2.033
Chula Vista Mutual Lemon Association	.599
Index Mutual Association	.659
La Verne Cooperative Citrus Association	2.312
Orange Belt Fruit Distributors	.851
Ventura County Orange & Lemon Association	2.363
Whittier Mutual Orange & Lemon Association	.133
Ayoob, Fred	.000
Capps Bros. Produce	.009
Evans Bros. Packing Co	.002
Johnson, Fred	.000
Latimer, Harold	.029
MacDonald Fruit Co	.002
Paramount Citrus Association, Inc.	.243
San Antonio Orchard Co	.000
Uyeji, Kikuo	.001

[F. R. Doc. 51-8161; Filed, July 13, 1951; 9:03 a. m.]

[Orange Reg. 359]

PART 966—ORANGES GROWN IN CALIFORNIA OR IN ARIZONA

LIMITATION OF SHIPMENTS

§ 966.526 *Orange Regulation 359*—(a) *Findings.* (1) Pursuant to the provisions of Order No. 66, as amended (7 CFR Part 966; 14 F. R. 3614), regulating the handling of oranges grown in the State of California or in the State of Arizona, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.), and upon the basis of the recommendation and information submitted by the Orange Administrative Committee, established under the said amended order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of the quantity of such oranges which may be handled, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication thereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001 et seq.) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective

in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient, and a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the provisions hereof effective as hereinafter set forth. Shipments of oranges, grown in the State of California or in the State of Arizona, are currently subject to regulation pursuant to said amended order; the recommendation and supporting information for regulation during the period specified herein was promptly submitted to the Department after an open meeting of the Orange Administrative Committee on July 12, 1951, such meeting was held, after giving due notice thereof to consider recommendations for regulation, and interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit their views at this meeting; the provisions of this section, including its effective time, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such oranges; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period hereinafter specified; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject thereto which cannot be completed by the effective time thereof.

(b) *Order* (1) Subject to the size requirements in Orange Regulation 372, as amended (7 CFR 966.518; 16 F R. 4678, 5652) the quantity of oranges grown in the State of California or in the State of Arizona which may be handled during the period beginning 12:01 a. m., P s. t., July 15, 1951, and ending at 12:01 a. m., P s. t., July 22, 1951, is hereby fixed as follows:

(i) *Valencia Oranges.* (*a*) Prorate District No. 1. Unlimited movement;

(*b*) Probate District No. 2: 1,000 carloads;

(*c*) Prorate District No. 3: Unlimited movement;

(*d*) Prorate District No. 4: Unlimited movement.

(ii) *Oranges other than Valencia Oranges.* (*a*) Prorate District No. 1. No movement;

(*b*) Prorate District No. 2: Unlimited movement;

(*c*) Prorate District No. 3: No movement;

(*d*) Prorate District No. 4: No movement;

(2) The prorate base of each handler who has made application therefor, as provided in the said amended order, is hereby fixed in accordance with the prorate base schedule which is attached hereto and made a part hereof by this reference.

(3) As used in this section "handled," "handler," "varieties," "carloads," and "prorate base" shall have the same meaning as when used in the said amended order; and the terms "Prorate District No. 1," "Prorate District No. 2," "Prorate District No. 3," and "Prorate District No. 4," shall each have the same meaning as given to the respective terms in § 966.107, as amended (15 F. R. 8712), of the current rules and regulations (7 CFR 966.103 et seq.), as amended (15 F. R. 8712)

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. and Sup. 608c)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 13th day of July 1951.

[SEAL] M. W. BAKER,
Acting Director, Fruit and Vegetable Branch, Production and Marketing Administration.

PRORATE BASE SCHEDULE

[12:01 a. m., P. d. s. t., July 15, 1951, to 12:01 a. m., P. d. s. t., July 22, 1951]

VALENCIA ORANGES

Prorate District No. 2

Handler	*Prorate base (percent)*
Total	100.0000
A. F. G. Alta Loma	0764
A. F. G. Corona	.0414
A. F. G. Fullerton	1.1035
A. F. G. Orange	.4047
A. F. G. Riverside	.1250
A. F. G. San Juan Capistrano	.6219
A. F. G. Santa Paula	4861
Eadington Fruit Co., Inc	5.4312
Hazeltine Packing Co	.3489
Krinard Packing Co	.2000
Placentia Coop. Orange Association	.5233
Placentia Pioneer Valencia Growers Association	.6668
Signal Fruit Association	.0961
Azusa Citrus Association	4889
Covina Citrus Association	1.2391
Covina Orange Growers Association	.5711
Damerel-Allison Association	.6901
Glendora Citrus Association	4144
Glendora Mutual Orange Association	.3646
Valencia Heights Orchard Association	.4129
Gold Buckle Association	4355
La Verne Orange Association	.5356
Anaheim Valencia Orange Association	1.2900
Fullerton Mutual Orange Association	2.8999
La Habra Citrus Association	1.0870
Yorba Linda Citrus Association, The	1.1701
Escondido Orange Association	2.2440
Alta Loma Heights Citrus Association	.0576
Citrus Fruit Growers	.1371
Etiwanda Citrus Fruit Association	.0307
Old Baldy Citrus Association	.0612
Rialto Heights Orange Growers	.0541
Upland Citrus Association	.3291
Upland Heights Orange Association	.0855
Consolidated Orange Growers	2.0231
Frances Citrus Association	1.2505
Garden Grove Citrus Association	1.7014
Goldenwest Citrus Association	1.6576
Irvine Valencia Growers	3.6447
Olive Heights Citrus Association	2.5257
Santa Ana-Tustin Mutual Citrus Association	.8823
Santiago Orange Growers Association	4.6800
Tustin Hills Citrus Association	2.1211
Villa Park Orchards Association	1.9703
Bradford Bros., Inc	.8798
Placentia Mutual Orange Association	4.3820
Placentia Orange Growers Association	3.1179
Yorba Orange Growers Association	1.2904
Call Ranch	.0667
Corona Citrus Association	.3555

PRORATE BASE SCHEDULE—Continued

VALENCIA ORANGES—continued

District No. 2—Continued

Handler	*Prorate base (percent)*
Jameson Co	0.1256
Orange Heights Orange Association	.5660
Crafton Orange Growers Association	.2540
East Highlands Citrus Association	.0580
Redlands Heights Groves	.1694
Redlands Orangedale Association	.1578
Rialto-Fontana Citrus Association	.0382
Break & Son, Allen	.0442
Bryn Mawr Fruit Growers Association	.1010
Mission Citrus Association	.1413
Redlands Cooperative Fruit Association	.2504
Redlands Orange Growers Association	.1432
Redlands Select Groves	.2145
Rialto Orange Co	1912
Southern Citrus Association	.1139
United Citrus Growers	.2040
Zilen Citrus Co	.0361
Arlington Heights Citrus Co	.1110
Brown Estate, L. V. W	1265
Gavilan Citrus Association	.1371
Highgrove Fruit Association	0577
McDermont Fruit Co	.1182
Monte Vista Citrus Association	.1703
National Orange Co	.0179
Riverside Citrus Association	.0328
Riverside Heights Orange Growers Association, The	.0313
Sierra Vista Packing Association	.0103
Victoria Ave. Citrus Association	.1658
Claremont Citrus Association	.1106
College Heights Orange & Lemon Association	.3366
Indian Hill Citrus Association	.2144
Pomona Fruit Growers Exchange	.3073
Walnut Fruit Growers Association	.5177
West Ontario Citrus Association	.1772
El Cajon Valley Citrus Association	.1913
Escondido Cooperative Citrus Association	.2796
San Dimas Orange Growers Association	.3144
Canoga Citrus Association	.8404
North Whittier Heights Citrus Association	7289
San Fernando Heights Orange Association	7423
Sierra Madre-Lamanda Citrus Association	3204
Camarillo Citrus Association	1.3172
Fillmore Citrus Association	2.9569
Mupu Citrus Association	1.8593
Ojai Orange Association	6416
Piru Citrus Association	2.0474
Rancho Sespe	7618
Santa Paula Orange Association	1.0156
Tapo Citrus Association	7351
Ventura County Citrus Association	.3709
Limoneira Co	.3895
East Whittier Citrus Association	.3397
Murphy Ranch Co	7772
Anaheim Cooperative Orange Association	2.1705
Bryn Mawr Mutual Orange Association	.1365
Chula Vista Mutual Lemon Association	.0816
Euclid Avenue Orange Association	.5073
Foothill Citrus Union, Inc	.1109
Fullerton Cooperative Orange Association	.3823
Garden Grove Orange Cooperative, Inc	1.2728
Golden Orange Groves, Inc	.1059
Highland Mutual Groves, Inc	.0086
Index Mutual Association	.4021
La Verne Cooperative Citrus Association	1.6582
Olive Hillside Groves, Inc	.6941

PRORATE BASE SCHEDULE—Continued

VALENCIA ORANGES—continued

District No. 2—Continued

Handler	Prorate base (percent)
Orange Cooperative Citrus Association	1.9933
Redlands Foothill Groves	.3952
Redlands Mutual Orange Association	.1473
Ventura County Orange & Lemon Association	1.1283
Whittier Mutual Orange & Lemon Association	.1486
Babijuice Corp. of California	.8278
Banks, L. M.	.6595
Becker, Samuel Eugene	.0091
Bennett Fruit Co.	.1044
Borden Fruit Co.	.5259
Cappos Bros. Produce	.0071
Cherokee Citrus Co., Inc.	.1049
Chess Co., Meyer W.	.4177
Dozier, Paul M.	.0123
Dunning Ranch	.0474
Evans Bros. Packing Co.	.5939
Gold Banner Association	.1633
Granada Hills Packing Co.	.0320
Granada Packing House	.6589
Hill Packing Co., Fred A.	.0607
Knapp Packing Co., John C.	.4976
L Bar S Ranch	.1059
Lawson, William J.	.0066
Lima & Sons, Joe	.0834
Oakley, C. B.	.0009
Orange Belt Fruit Distributors	1.2249
Orange Hill Groves	.0128
Otte, Arnold	.0605
Panno Fruit Co., Carlo	.3081
Paramount Citrus Association	7078
Patitucci, Frank, L.	.0089
Placentia Orchard Co.	.5076
Prescott, John A.	.0185
Redlands Fruit Association, Inc.	.0144
Ronald, P. W.	.0204
San Antonio Orchard Co.	.2313
Stephens, T. F.	.2172
Summit Citrus Packers	.0167
Treesweet Products Co.	.2235
Wall, E. T., Grower-Shipper	.1299
Western Fruit Growers, Inc.	.4485

[F. R. Doc. 51-8181; Filed, July 13, 1951; 11:30 a. m.]

TITLE 24—HOUSING AND HOUSING CREDIT

Chapter VIII—Office of Housing Expediter

[Controlled Housing Rent Reg., Amdt. 386]

[Controlled Rooms in Rooming Houses and Other Establishments Rent Reg., Amdt. 381]

PART 825—RENT REGULATIONS UNDER THE HOUSING AND RENT ACT OF 1947, AS AMENDED

ILLINOIS, MICHIGAN, PENNSYLVANIA AND SOUTH CAROLINA

Amendment 386 to the Controlled Housing Rent Regulation (§§ 825.1 to 825.12) and Amendment 381 to the Rent Regulation for Controlled Rooms in Rooming Houses and Other Establishments (§§ 825.81 to 825.92) Said regulations are amended in the following respects:

1. Schedule A, Item 83, is amended to describe the counties in the Defense-Rental Area as follows:

Cook County, except the Cities of Blue Island, Calumet City, Chicago Heights, Des Plaines, Park Ridge, and that portion of the City of Elgin located therein, and the Villages of Arlington Heights, Brookfield, Flossmoor, Kenilworth, La Grange, Lansing, Mt. Prospect, Oak Forest, Palatine, Riverdale, River Forest, Westchester, Wilmette, Winnetka, and those portions of the Villages of Barrington and Steger located therein; Du Page County, except the City of West Chicago, and the Village of Glen Ellyn; Kane County, except that portion of the City of Elgin located therein; and Lake County, except the City of Lake Forest, and the portion of the Village of Barrington located therein.

This decontrols the City of Chicago Heights and the Village of Arlington Heights in Cook County, Illinois, portions of the Chicago, Illinois, Defense-Rental Area.

2. Schedule A, Item 149, is amended to describe the counties in the Defense-Rental Area as follows:

Oakland County, except (i) the Townships of Addison, Avon, Bloomfield, Brandon, Commerce, Groveland, Highland, Holly, Independence, Milford, Novi, Oakland, Orion, Oxford, Pontiac, Rose, Springfield, Troy, Waterford and West Bloomfield, (ii) the Villages Clarkston, Holly, Lake Orion, Leonard, Milford, Ortonville, Oxford, Rochester and that portion of Northville located in Oakland County, and (iii) the Cities of Berkley, Birmingham, Bloomfield Hills, Farmington, Ferndale, Hazel Park, Pleasant Ridge, Pontiac, Royal Oak, South Lyon and Sylvan Lake; Wayne County, except (i) the Cities of Grosse Pointe, Grosse Pointe Farms, Grosse Pointe Park, Grosse Pointe Woods, Lincoln Park and Plymouth, (ii) the Villages of Grosse Pointe Shores, Trenton and Wayne, (iii) that portion of the Village of Northville located in Wayne County, and (iv) the Township of Canton; and Macomb County, except the City of Mount Clemens, and the Townships of Armada, Bruce, Lenox, Macomb, Ray, Richmond, Shelby, Sterling, and Washington.

In Washtenaw County, the Township of Ann Arbor and the City of Ann Arbor.

This decontrols the City of Lincoln Park and the Township of Canton in Wayne County, Michigan, portions of the Detroit, Michigan, Defense-Rental Area.

3. Schedule A, Item 261, is amended to describe the counties in the Defense-Rental Area as follows:

In Erie County, the City of Erie, the Boroughs of North Girard, Middleboro, Northeast, Paletea, Wattsburg and Wesleyville, and the Townships of Greene, Greenfield, Harborcreek, Lawrence Park, McKean, Millercek, Northeast, Summit and Venango.

This decontrols (1) the Borough of Fairview in Erie County, Pennsylvania, a portion of the Erie, Pennsylvania, Defense-Rental Area, based on a resolution submitted in accordance with section 204 (j) (3) of the Housing and Rent Act of 1947, as amended, and (2) the Townships of Fairview and Girard in Erie County, Pennsylvania, portions of said Defense-Rental Area, on the Housing Expediter's own initiative in accordance with section 204 (c) of said act.

4. Schedule A, Item 277, is amended to describe the counties in the Defense-Rental Area as follows:

Charleston County, except the City of Charleston, the Town of Mount Pleasant, and the Township of Folly Island.

Beaufort County.

This decontrols the Township of Folly Island in Charleston County, South Carolina, a portion of the Charleston, South Carolina, Defense-Rental Area.

All decontrols effected by this amendment, except those in Item 3 thereof, are based entirely on resolutions submitted in accordance with section 204 (j) (3) of the Housing and Rent Act of 1947, as amended.

(Sec. 204, 61 Stat. 197, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 1894)

This amendment shall be effective as of July 14, 1951.

Issued this 11th day of July 1951.

TIGHE E. WOODS,
Housing Expediter.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8239; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:48 a. m.]

TITLE 32A—NATIONAL DEFENSE, APPENDIX

Chapter III—Office of Price Stabilization, Economic Stabilization Agency

[Ceiling Price Regulation 11, Amdt. 3]

CPR 11—RESTAURANTS

APPLICATIONS FOR ADJUSTMENTS

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950 (Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong.), Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105), and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F. R. 733), this Amendment 3 to Ceiling Price Regulation 11 is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

This amendment to Ceiling Price Regulation 11 is being issued in order to provide an adjustment procedure for a person who finds that the "food cost per dollar of sales" ratio for his base period is not representative of his operations for the period subsequent to the base period and prior to April 1, 1951.

The fact that the "food cost per dollar of sales" ratio during the base period does not adequately reflect the operation of the restaurant since the base period may be attributed to various factors. In some cases, substantial changes in the type and manner of the operation of the restaurant have been made since the base period, such as a change-over from a cafeteria type service to a complete dining room service. In other cases, a food control system, incorporating among other things, competitive buying, proper food merchandising and coordination of food preparation with food sales has been installed. As a result, the "food cost per dollar of sales" was materially reduced without increasing the menu prices or reducing the quantity or quality of the food served. This amendment is not intended to provide an adjustment where the change since the base period was the result of increased menu prices, reduction in quality and quantity of food, increased wages or to seasonal, temporary or nonrecurring factors. Nor is it intended to provide an inefficient operator with a level of restaurant prices in excess of those which are adequate for his competitors.

The amendment provides specific standards whereby, in some circumstances, a restaurant operator may be

permitted to use a more representative base period in order to avoid undue hardship or inequity and to reflect more adequately his operations subsequent to his base period and prior to April 1, 1951.

In the formulation of the amendment, special circumstances have rendered impractical consultation with official advisory committees, including trade association representatives; however, the provisions of this amendment incorporate the recommendations of persons representing substantial segments of the industry. In the judgment of the Director of Price Stabilization, the provisions of this amendment are generally fair and equitable and are necessary to effectuate the purposes of Title IV of the Defense Production Act of 1950.

So far as practicable the Director of Price Stabilization gave due consideration to the national effort to achieve maximum production in furtherance of the objective of the Defense Production Act of 1950; to prices prevailing during the period from May 24, 1950, to June 24, 1950, inclusive; and to relevant factors of general applicability.

AMENDATORY PROVISIONS

Ceiling Price Regulation 11 is amended in the following respects:

1. A new section 13 is added to read as follows:

SEC. 13. *Adjustments.* (a) You may apply for permission to substitute a base period, covering not less than four full months, which more adequately represents your normal level of operations, if your "food cost per dollar of sales" ratio for your base period is not representative of your operations for the period subsequent to your base period and prior to April 1, 1951, and if the requested food cost ratio is substantially the same as the average "food cost per dollar of sales" ratio for that class and type of restaurant in the area in which your restaurant is located, where: (1) Your "food cost per dollar of sales" ratio for the period which was more representative of your operations was five percent (5%) or more below the "food cost per dollar of sales" ratio which you are required to use under this regulation, and the lower food cost ratio during this period was not the result of increased menu prices, reduction in quality and quantity of food, increased wages, or to seasonal, temporary, or non-recurring factors; or (2) You operated at a loss during your base period greater than the loss, if any, you incurred for the period subsequent to your base period and prior to April 1, 1951.

(b) In determining whether the requested base period is more representative of your operations, the Office of Price Stabilization will consider various factors, including the installation and operation of a food control system which resulted in a greater saving in food cost than in other operating costs and a substantial change in the type and manner of your operation.

(c) Your application must be filed in duplicate with the OPS District Office with which you are registered. The application must include the following:

(1) Your name and address, and the name and address of your restaurant.

(2) The base period you are now using and your "food cost per dollar of sales" ratio for such base period.

(3) The base period which you are requesting and the "food cost per dollar of sales" ratio for this period, and, if applicable, a showing that the lower food cost ratio was not due to the factors listed in paragraph (a) (1) of this section.

(4) A description of your establishment including the type of service rendered (cafeteria, lunch room, bar service, etc.), the changes, if any, in the type and manner of operation, and any other information which is necessary to describe your establishment and the nature and extent of your operation.

(5) A detailed profit and loss statement for your base period and for each accounting period since your base period.

(6) A copy of the menus or price lists in effect during your base period and a copy of the menus or price lists in effect since the base period.

(7) The name and address of two comparable restaurants in the area in which your restaurant is located, including their current menu or price lists and their "food cost per dollar of sales" ratio, if possible.

(Sec. 704, Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong.)

Effective date. This amendment is effective July 18, 1951.

NOTE: The record-keeping and reporting requirements of this regulation have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

MICHAEL V DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

JULY 13, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8175; Filed, July 13, 1951; 10:27 a. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 14, Amendment 4]

CPR 14—CEILING PRICES OF CERTAIN FOODS SOLD AT WHOLESALE

COMPUTATION OF TRANSPORTATION CHARGES IN CONNECTION WITH SHIPMENTS BY WATER

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950 (Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong.) Executive Order 10161 (15 F R. 6105), and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F R. 738) this Amendment 4 to Ceiling Price Regulation 14 is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

This statement of considerations covers amendments 4 to CPR 14, 4 to CPR 16, and amendment 5 to CPR 15.

Under CPRs 14, 15, and 16, the wholesaler or retailer must compute a "net cost" as the basis for figuring his ceiling prices. In computing this "net cost" he is allowed to add those transportation charges he paid except local trucking and local unloading. This exception was due to the way in which the percentage markups granted in CPRs 14, 15, and 16 were established. The percentage markups in CPRs 14, 15, and 16 are basically the same markups set by the OPA in issuing MPRs 421, 422 and 423 which were in effect from 1943 to 1946. These markups were the result of a comprehensive survey of the appropriate margins made by the OPA, which survey arrived at markups calculated to give effect to the cost of local trucking and local unloading as an overhead item rather than as a part of "net cost." At the time of the survey by OPA and until the end of World War II shipments of foodstuffs by water were nonexistent due to the wartime need for shipping. Thus, problems resulting from the use of water transportation were not considered.

After World War II it again became customary for many food wholesalers and some food retailers located in or near port cities where water transportation was practical to have merchandise shipped by water as well as by rail or motor carriers. The governing factor was the length of time required to receive shipments by water, so that when the merchandise was needed quickly it was shipped by rail or truck. However, when time was not a factor, water transportation was used at a somewhat cheaper rate.

A substantial segment of the transportation costs on shipments by water consists of certain incidental costs including local hauling and local unloading. Local hauling and local unloading are an important cost factor in every case of shipment by water because practically no food wholesaler or retailer operates a dock in conjunction with his warehouse, whereas most food wholesalers and many large food retailers have railroad sidings. Prior to these amendments, local trucking and local unloading could not be added to "net cost" as part of the transportation charges whether by water or land transportation.

The Administrator of the Defense Transport Administration has advised the Director of Price Stabilization that this will tend to result in a diversion of shipments of foodstuffs from water carriers to carriers by rail. This diversion would upset the historical balance between water transportation and land transportation. The Administrator of the Defense Transport Administration has, therefore, recommended that amendments be made to CPRs 14, 15, and 16 so that the normal relationship between water and land carriers may be maintained. Accordingly, these amendments provide for allowance of all costs incidental to shipment by water except costs of loading at shipping point into the car or truck that takes the goods to the dock, segregation charges, and costs of unloading at receiving point from the car or truck that takes the goods from the dock. Those loading and unloading costs and segregation charges are not separately allowed for when shipment is by rail or truck.

In the formulation of these amendments, special circumstances have rendered impractical consultation with official advisory committees, including trade association representatives; however, the provisions of these amendments incorporate the recommendations of per-

sons representing substantial segments of the industry. In the judgment of the Director of Price Stabilization, the provisions of these amendments are generally fair and equitable and are necessary to effectuate the purposes of Title IV of the Defense Production Act of 1950.

So far as practical, the Director of Price Stabilization gave due consideration to the national effort to achieve maximum production in furtherance of the objective of the Defense Production Act of 1950; to prices prevailing during the period from May 24, 1950, to June 24, 1950, inclusive; and to relevant factors of general applicability.

AMENDATORY PROVISIONS

Section 4 (a) is amended in the following respect:

The following is inserted after the second sentence: "This exception shall not apply to any shipments by water. In such cases, there may be added also as part of the cost of transportation the cost of moving the shipment from the place at which it was processed to the dock, the cost of unloading at that dock, wharfage, handling, tollage and usage charges, the cost of marine insurance, the cost of loading the goods on a car, truck or other conveyance at the port of discharge and the cost of transporting that shipment from the port of discharge to receiving point. However, costs of loading the shipment at the place at which it was processed, segregation charges and costs of unloading at receiving point may not be added."

(Sec. 704, Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong.)

Effective date. This amendment shall become effective on July 18, 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

JULY 13, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8176; Filed, July 13, 1951; 10:28 a. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 15, Amendment 5]

CPR 15—CEILING PRICES OF CERTAIN FOODS SOLD AT RETAIL IN GROUP 3 AND GROUP 4 STORES

COMPUTATION OF TRANSPORTATION CHARGES IN CONNECTION WITH SHIPMENTS BY WATER

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950 (Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong.), Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105), and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F. R. 738) this Amendment 5 to Ceiling Price Regulation 15 is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

This statement of considerations covers amendments 4 to CPR 14, 4 to CPR 16, and amendment 5 to CPR 15.

Under CPRs 14, 15, and 16, the wholesaler or retailer must compute a "net cost" as the basis for figuring his ceiling prices. In computing this "net cost" he is allowed to add those transportation charges he paid except local trucking and local unloading. This exception was due to the way in which the percentage markups granted in CPRs 14, 15, and 16 were established. The percentage markups in CPRs 14, 15, and 16 are basically the same markups set by the OPA in issuing MPRs 421, 422 and 423 which were in effect from 1943 to 1946. These markups were the result of a comprehensive survey of the appropriate margins made by the OPA, which survey arrived at markups calculated to give effect to the cost of local trucking and local unloading as an overhead item rather than as a part of "net cost" At the time of the survey by OPA and until the end of World War II shipments of foodstuffs by water were nonexistent due to the wartime need for shipping. Thus, problems resulting from the use of water transportation were not considered.

After World War II it again became customary for many food wholesalers and some food retailers located in or near port cities where water transportation was practical to have merchandise shipped by water as well as by rail or motor carriers. The governing factor was the length of time required to receive shipments by water, so that when the merchandise was needed quickly it was shipped by rail or truck. However, when time was not a factor, water transportation was used at a somewhat cheaper rate.

A substantial segment of the transportation costs on shipments by water consists of certain incidental costs including local hauling and local unloading. Local hauling and local unloading are an important cost factor in every case of shipment by water because practically no food wholesaler or retailer operates a dock in conjunction with his warehouse, whereas most food wholesalers and many large food retailers have railroad sidings. Prior to these amendments, local trucking and local unloading could not be added to "net cost" as part of the transportation charges whether by water or land transportation.

The Administrator of the Defense Transport Administration has advised the Director of Price Stabilization that this will tend to result in a diversion of shipments of foodstuffs from water carriers to carriers by rail. This diversion would upset the historical balance between water transportation and land transportation. The Administrator of the Defense Transport Administration has, therefore, recommended that amendments be made to CPRs 14, 15, and 16 so that the normal relationship between water and land carriers may be maintained. Accordingly, these amendments provide for allowance of all costs incidental to shipment by water except costs of loading at shipping point into the car or truck that takes the goods to the dock, segregation charges, and costs of unloading at receiving point from the car or truck that takes the goods from the dock. Those loading and unloading costs and segregation charges are not separately allowed for when shipment is by rail or truck.

In the formulation of these amendments, special circumstances have rendered impractical consultation with official advisory committees, including trade association representatives; however, the provisions of these amendments incorporate the recommendations of persons representing substantial segments of the industry. In the judgment of the Director of Price Stabilization, the provisions of these amendments are generally fair and equitable and are necessary to effectuate the purposes of Title IV of the Defense Production Act of 1950.

So far as practical, the Director of Price Stabilization gave due consideration to the national effort to achieve maximum production in furtherance of the objective of the Defense Production Act of 1950; to prices prevailing during the period from May 24, 1950, to June 24, 1950, inclusive; and to relevant factors of general applicability.

AMENDATORY PROVISIONS

Section 4 (a) is amended in the following respects:

The following is inserted after the second sentence: "This exception shall not apply to any shipments by water. In such cases, there may be added also as part of the cost of transportation the cost of moving the shipment from the place at which it was processed to the dock, the cost of unloading at that dock, wharfage, handling, tollage and usage charges, the cost of marine insurance, the cost of loading the goods on a car, truck or other conveyance at the port of discharge and the cost of transporting that shipment from the port of discharge to receiving point. However, costs of loading the shipment at the place at which it was processed, segregation charges and costs of unloading at receiving point may not be added."

(Sec. 704, Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong.)

Effective date. This amendment shall become effective on July 18, 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

JULY 13, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8177; Filed, July 13, 1951; 10:23 a. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 16, Amendment 4]

CPR 16—CEILING PRICES OF CERTAIN FOODS SOLD AT RETAIL IN GROUP 1 AND GROUP 2 STORES

COMPUTATION OF TRANSPORTATION CHARGES IN CONNECTION WITH SHIPMENTS BY WATER

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950 (Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong.) Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105), and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F. R. 738) this Amendment 4 to Ceiling Price Regulation 16 is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

This statement of considerations covers amendments 4 to CPR 14, 4 to CPR 16, and amendment 5 to CPR 15.

Under CPRs 14, 15, and 16, the wholesaler or retailer must compute a "net cost" as the basis for figuring his ceiling prices. In computing this "net cost"

he is allowed to add those transportation charges he paid except local trucking and local unloading. This exception was due to the way in which the percentage markups granted in CPRs 14, 15, and 16 were established. The percentage markups in CPRs 14, 15, and 16 are basically the same markups set by the OPA in issuing MPRs 421, 422, and 423 which were in effect from 1943 to 1946. These markups were the result of a comprehensive survey of the appropriate margins made by the OPA, which survey arrived at markups calculated to give effect to the cost of local trucking and local unloading as an overhead item rather than as a part of "net cost" At the time of the survey by OPA and until the end of World War II shipments of foodstuffs by water were nonexistent due to the wartime need for shipping. Thus, the problems resulting from the use of water transportation were not considered.

After World War II it again became customary for many food wholesalers and some food retailers located in or near port cities where water transportation was practical to have merchandise shipped by water as well as by rail or motor carriers. The governing factor was the length of time required to receive shipments by water, so that when the merchandise was needed quickly it was shipped by rail or truck. However, when time was not a factor, water transportation was used at a somewhat cheaper rate.

A substantial segment of the transportation costs on shipments by water consists of certain incidental costs including local hauling and local unloading. Local hauling and local unloading are an important cost factor in every case of shipment by water because practically no food wholesaler or retailer operates a dock in conjunction with his warehouse, whereas most food wholesalers and many large food retailers have railroad sidings. Prior to these amendments, local trucking and local unloading could not be added to "net cost" as part of the transportation charges whether by water or land transportation.

The Administrator of the Defense Transport Administration has advised the Director of Price Stabilization that this will tend to result in a diversion of shipments of foodstuffs from water carriers to carriers by rail. This diversion would upset the historical balance between water transportation and land transportation. The Administrator of the Defense Transport Administration has, therefore, recommended that amendments be made to CPRs 14, 15, and 16 so that the normal relationship between water and land carriers may be maintained. Accordingly, these amendments provide for allowance of all costs incidental to shipment by water except costs of loading at shipping point into the car or truck that takes the goods to the dock, segregation charges, and costs of unloading at receiving point from the car or truck that takes the goods from the dock. Those loading and unloading costs and segregation charges are not separately allowed for when shipment is by rail or truck.

In the formulation of these amendments, special circumstances have rendered impractical consultation with official advisory committees, including trade association representatives; however, the provisions of these amendments incorporate the recommendations of persons representing substantial segments of the industry. In the judgment of the Director of Price Stabilization, the provisions of these amendments are generally fair and equitable and are necessary to effectuate the purposes of Title IV of the Defense Production Act of 1950.

So far as practical, the Director of Price Stabilization gave due consideration to the national effort to achieve maximum production in furtherance of the objective of the Defense Production Act of 1950; to prices prevailing during the period from May 24, 1950, to June 24, 1950, inclusive; and to relevant factors of general applicability.

AMENDATORY PROVISIONS

Section 4 (a) is amended in the following respects:

The following is inserted after the second sentence: "This exception shall not apply to any shipments by water. In such cases, there may be added also as part of the cost of transportation the cost of moving the shipment from the place at which it was processed to the dock, the cost of unloading at that dock, wharfage, handling, tollage and usage charges, the cost of marine insurance, the cost of loading the goods on a car, truck or other conveyance at the port of discharge and the cost of transporting that shipment from the port of discharge to receiving point. However, costs of loading the shipment at the place at which it was processed, segregation charges and costs of unloading at receiving point may not be added."

(Sec. 704, Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong.)

Effective date. This amendment shall become effective on July 18, 1951.

MICHAEL V DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

JULY 13, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8178; Filed, July 13, 1951; 10:28 a. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 31, Amendment 5]

CPR 31—IMPORTS

EXTENSION OF FILING AND EFFECTIVE DATES

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950 (Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong.), Executive Order 10161 (15 F R. 6105) and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F R. 738) this Amendment 5 to Ceiling Price Regulation 31 is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

It is the purpose of this amendment to Ceiling Price Regulation 31 to effectuate the intent of the recent Congressional action of June 30, 1951 (Pub. Law 69, 82d Cong.) The compulsory effective date of Ceiling Price Regulation 31 is indefinitely extended. Ceiling Price Regulation 31 was in effect on June 30, 1951 for those sellers who had filed their margins on or before this date. They continue to price under this regulation. Sellers who had not filed by July 1, 1951 have the option to price under CPR 31 or under the General Ceiling Price Regulation. Before pricing under CPR 31, they must file their required reports with the Office of Price Stabilization.

AMENDATORY PROVISIONS

The effective date clause of Ceiling Price Regulation 31 is amended to read as follows: "If you filed the list required by section 5 or 6 of this regulation on or before June 30, 1951, the regulation is in effect as to you. If you did not file such list on or before June 30, 1951, the effective date of this regulation shall at your option be any date on which such list is filed."

(Sec. 704, Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong.)

MICHAEL V DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

JULY 13, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8174; Filed, July 13, 1951; 10:27 a. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 50, Correction]

CPR 50—CEILING PRICES FOR PETROLEUM PRODUCTS SOLD IN THE VIRGIN ISLANDS

EDITORIAL NOTE: Due to clerical error, the headnote to section 11 of CPR 50 (16 F R. 6378) was incorrectly published to read: "Section 11. *Ceiling prices for kerosene imported in steel drums*" Accordingly, this headnote is changed to read: "Sec. 11. *Ceiling prices for kerosene at retail*"

Chapter VI—National Production Authority, Department of Commerce

[CMP Regulation 1, Amendment 1]

CMP REG. 1—BASIC RULES OF THE CONTROLLED MATERIALS PLAN

This amendment is found necessary and appropriate to promote the national defense and is issued pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950. In the formulation of this amendment, consultation with industry representatives has been rendered impracticable due to the need for immediate action and because the amendment affects many different industries.

This amendment affects CMP Regulation No. 1 as follows:

Paragraph (c) of section 3 is amended to read as follows:

(c) No person who has received an authorized production schedule shall produce more than the quantity of the particular product or products provided for in such authorized production schedule. No such person shall purchase controlled materials or products and materials other than controlled materials for fulfillment of such authorized

production schedule except by use of the related allotment and DO rating.

(Sec. 704, Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong., Pub. Law 69, 82d Cong. Interpret or apply sec. 101, Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong., Pub. Law 69, 82d Cong.; sec. 101, E. O. 10161, Sept. 9, 1950, 15 F. R. 6105, 3 CFR, 1950 Supp., sec. 2, E. O. 10200, Jan. 3, 1951, 16 F. R. 61)

This amendment shall take effect on July 12, 1951.

NATIONAL PRODUCTION AUTHORITY,
MANLY FLEISCHMANN,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8159; Filed, July 12, 1951; 4:47 p. m.]

[CMP Regulation No. 1, Direction 1, as Amended July 12, 1951]

CMP REG. 1—BASIC RULES OF THE CONTROLLED MATERIALS PLAN

DIR. 1—PROCEDURE FOR OBTAINING MINIMUM QUANTITIES OF PRODUCTION MATERIALS BY PRODUCERS OF CLASS B PRODUCTS

This direction under CMP Regulation No. 1 is found necessary and appropriate to promote the national defense and is issued pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950. In the formulation of this direction, consultation with industry representatives has been rendered impracticable due to the need for immediate action and because the direction affects many different industries.

Sec.

1. What this direction does.
2. Persons affected by this direction.
3. Use of allotment symbol to obtain controlled materials.
4. Use of rating to obtain production materials other than controlled materials.
5. Certification.

AUTHORITY: Sections 1 to 5 issued under sec. 704, Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong., Pub. Law 69, 82d Cong. Interpret or apply sec. 101, Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong., Pub. Law 69, 82d Cong.; sec. 101, E. O. 10161, Sept. 9, 1950, 15 F. R. 6105; 3 CFR, 1950 Supp.; sec. 2, E. O. 10200, Jan. 3, 1951, 16 F. R. 61.

SECTION 1. *What this direction does.* This direction constitutes a determination by the National Production Authority that producers of Class B products may receive priority assistance under CMP without submitting applications on Form CMP-4B if their total requirements of controlled materials do not exceed a certain maximum. It also establishes a procedure whereby such producers may place authorized controlled material orders for such materials without obtaining an allotment. Such producers shall be subject to all CMP regulations and orders.

SEC. 2. *Persons affected by this direction.* A producer of any Class B product which is listed in the "Official CMP Class B Product List" may, whether or not the product is identified by an asterisk, obtain priority assistance without submitting an application on Form CMP-4B with respect to such product for any calendar quarter in which his total requirements of each kind of controlled material for the production of that product and all other products in the same product class do not exceed the amounts specified below:

Carbon steel (including wrought iron).	5 tons.
Alloy steel (except stainless steel).	½ ton.
Stainless steel	none.
Copper and copper-base alloy brass mill products, copper wire mill products, copper and copper-base alloy foundry products and powder.	500 pounds.
Aluminum	500 pounds.

The term "product class" as used herein means a Product Class Code as shown in the "Official CMP Class B Product List."

SEC. 3. *Use of allotment symbol to obtain controlled materials.* Any producer of Class B products who, pursuant to this direction, may obtain priority assistance without filing a Form CMP-4B, is authorized to use the allotment symbol SU on delivery orders for controlled materials within the limits set forth in section 2 of this direction. An order so designated, when certified as provided in section 5 of this direction, shall constitute an authorized controlled material order. The quantity of such Class B products which may be produced with controlled materials obtained with the use of the allotment symbol SU plus controlled materials properly contained in inventory shall constitute an authorized production schedule for the purpose of all CMP regulations.

SEC. 4. *Use of rating to obtain production materials other than controlled materials.* Any producer of Class B products who, pursuant to this direction, may obtain priority assistance without filing a Form CMP-4B, is authorized to use the rating DO-SU on delivery orders for production materials as defined in CMP Regulation No. 3 in accordance with the provisions of that regulation.

SEC. 5. *Certification.* Every delivery order placed under the provisions hereof shall contain, in the case of an order for controlled materials, the certification required by section 19 of CMP Regulation No. 1, or, in the case of an order for production materials other than controlled materials, the certification required by section 6 of CMP Regulation No. 3.

This direction as amended shall take effect on July 12, 1951.

NATIONAL PRODUCTION AUTHORITY,
MANLY FLEISCHMANN,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8160; Filed, July 12, 1951; 4:47 p. m.]

TITLE 39—POSTAL SERVICE

Chapter I—Post Office Department

PART 43—TREATMENT OF DOMESTIC MAIL MATTER AT RECEIVING POST OFFICES

FORWARDING OF MAIL

In § 43.12 *Forwarding of mail* (39 CFR 43.12) amend paragraph (g) to read as follows:

(g) *Card notice of forwarding.* When the sender of ordinary mail of the third- or fourth-class desires to be notified of the new address in cases where the matter is incorrectly addressed because of the removal of the addressee, he may indicate that fact on the matter itself by printing in the lower left corner of the address side the inscription "Form 3547 Requested." When a piece of third- or fourth-class matter bearing this inscription is undeliverable and the new address of the addressee is known, the postmaster at the office of address shall furnish the new address to the mailer on Form 3547, for which a postage charge of two cents shall be collected upon delivery of the notice to the sender. Each piece of mail upon which the inscription "Form 3547 Requested" is printed shall bear the name and address of the sender in the upper left corner of the address side. Where such pieces are undeliverable and the address of the addressee is not known, the matter shall be promptly returned to the sender legibly endorsed, to show reason for nondelivery. Matter so returned shall be rated for collection of return postage due at the regular third- or fourth-class rate, whichever is applicable. Matter bearing the inscription "Form 3547 Requested" shall be accepted with the understanding that the sender, in every instance, guarantees payment of the charge for the notice, if one be sent, or return postage due in the event it is necessary to return the mail.

NOTE: This regulation applies only to third- and fourth-class matter sent out in the regular course of business for purposes other than obtaining the address of the person to whom the matter is sent.

(R. S. 161, 396, secs. 304, 359, 42 Stat. 24, 25, secs. 1, 2, 64 Stat. 219; 5 U. S. C. 22, 369, 39 U. S. C. 276a, 276b)

[SEAL] J. M. DONALDSON,
Postmaster General.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8971; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:45 a. m.]

PART 127—INTERNATIONAL POSTAL SERVICE: POSTAGE RATES, SERVICE AVAILABLE, AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR MAILING

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

a. In § 127.55 *General information* (39 CFR 127.55) amend paragraph (j) by striking out "Greece" from the list of countries therein.

b. In § 127.102 *Special provisions applicable to international insurance service* (39 CFR 127.102) amend paragraph (a) by inserting "Italy" between "Ireland" and "Japan" in the list of countries shown therein.

c. In § 127.269 *Greece (including Crete and Dodecanese Islands)* (39 CFR 127.269) paragraph (c) and subparagraphs and subdivisions thereof are rescinded.

d. In § 127.283 *Italy (including the Republic of San Marino)* (39 CFR 127.283) make the following changes:

1. In the tabulated information below the table of rates in subdivision (ii) of subparagraph (1) of paragraph (b) strike out "Insurance: No" and insert in lieu thereof "Insurance: Yes."

2. Amend subparagraph (2) of paragraph (b) to read as follows:

(2) *Indemnity.* See subparagraph (5) of this paragraph.

3. Redesignate subparagraphs (5) and (6) of pargaraph (b) as subparagraphs (6) and (7) and insert a new subparagraph (5) to read as follows:

(5) *Insurance.* Parcel post packages may be insured subject to the following limits when prepaid at the appropriate postage rates in addition to the insurance fees mentioned hereunder:

Limit of indemnity	Fee (cents)
Not over $10	20
From $10.01 to $25	25
From $25.01 to $50	35
From $50.01 to $100	55

(i) *Insurance return receipt.* Requested at the time of mailing, 5 cents; after mailing, 10 cents. (See § 127.102 paragraph (d).)

(ii) Parcels containing coin, bullion, jewelry, or any other precious article must be insured. If a parcel containing such articles is mailed uninsured it shall be placed under insurance by the office which first observes the fact of its having been mailed uninsured and treated accordingly.

(iii) Each insured parcel must have shown thereon (both in arabic figures and in roman letters spelled out in full) in United States currency and in gold francs, the amount for which the parcel is insured. (See § 127.102 (b) (5).)

(iv) For further information concerning insurance service, see § 127.102 and § 127.108.

e. In § 127.331 *Poland* (39 CFR 127.331) amend the table of rates in subdivision (i) of subparagraph (1) of paragraph (b) to read as follows:

(b) *Parcel post.* * * *

(1) *Table of rates.* (i) Surface parcels.

Pounds	Rate	Pounds	Rate
1	$0.25	13	$2.29
2	42	14	2.46
3	.59	15	2.63
4	76	16	2.80
5	.93	17	2.97
6	1.10	18	3.14
7	1.27	19	3.31
8	1.44	20	3.48
9	1.61	21	3.65
10	1.78	22	3.82
11	1.95	23	3.99
12	2.12	24	4.16
25	$4.33	35	$6.03
26	4.50	36	6.20
27	4.67	37	6.37
28	4.84	38	6.54
29	5.01	39	6.71
30	5.18	40	6.88
31	5.35	41	7.05
32	5.52	42	7.22
33	5.69	43	7.39
34	5.86	44	7.56

(R. S. 161, 396, 398, secs. 304, 309, 42 Stat. 24, 25, 48 Stat. 943; 5 U. S. C. 22, 369, 372)

[SEAL] J. M. DONALDSON,
Postmaster General.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8119; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:53 a. m.]

PART 127—INTERNATIONAL POSTAL SERVICE: POSTAGE RATES, SERVICE AVAILABLE, AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR MAILING

DENMARK AND GERMANY

a. In § 127.241 *Denmark,* make the following changes:

1. Amend paragraph (a) (8) by striking out "(i) Live bees."

2. Amend clause (*a*) of subdivision (iii) paragraph (b) (6) to read as follows:

(iii) *For the protection of animals or plants.* (*a*) Eggs of all kinds for hatching; honeycomb, natural or artificial; potatoes.

b. In § 127.264 *Germany,* make the following change: In paragraph (b) (5) strike out subdivisions (ii) (iii) and (iv) and insert in lieu thereof the following:

(ii) In addition to the prohibitions covered by subdivision (i) of this subparagraph, the following restrictions apply to gift parcels to the Western zone:

(iii) No gift parcel may contain any tobacco or tobacco products, cigarette papers, or saccharine.

(iv) No addressee may receive duty-free more than 33 lbs. of foodstuffs generally, 1 lb. 1½ oz. of coffee, 2 lb. 3 oz. of powdered cocoa, or 2 lbs. 3 oz. of chocolate per month. No parcel is admitted duty-free if it contains foodstuffs amounting to more than two-thirds of the total value of the contents.

(v) Exemption from duty is not granted for gift shipments of tea, luxury items such as jewelry, new fur articles, radio equipment, photographic apparatus, perfumes, cosmetics, or any articles whose character and quantity are not in accord with the needs of the addressee and the members of his household.

(R. S. 161, 396, 398, secs. 304, 309, 42 Stat. 24, 25; 48 Stat. 943; 5 U. S. C. 22, 369, 372)

[SEAL] J. M. DONALDSON,
Postmaster General.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8118; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:53 a. m.]

PART 127—INTERNATIONAL POSTAL SERVICE: POSTAGE RATES, SERVICE AVAILABLE AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR MAILING

FINLAND

In § 127.251 *Finland,* as amended (15 F R. 6474, 6597) amend subdivision (ii) of paragraph (b) (3a) by striking out "3000 Finnish marks" and by inserting in lieu thereof "500 Finnish marks."

(R. S. 161, 396, 398, secs. 304, 309, 42 Stat. 24, 25, 48 Stat. 943; 5 U. S. C. 22, 369, 372)

[SEAL] J. M. DONALDSON,
Postmaster General.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8069; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:45 a. m.]

PART 135—GENERAL

PREFERMENT OF CHARGES

In § 135.44 *Preferment of charges* (39 CFR 135.44) make the following changes:

1. At the end of subdivision (i) of paragraph (b) (2) add to the text a sentence to read as follows: "A preference eligible employee may not be suspended for more than 30 days under this emergency procedure."

2. Amend clause (*b*) of subdivision (ii) of paragraph (b) (2) to read as follows:

(*b*) Placed on annual leave without his consent, provided he has sufficient leave to his credit to cover the required period;

(R. S. 161, 396, secs. 304, 309, 42 Stat. 24, 25; 5 U. S. C. 22, 369)

[SEAL] J. M. DONALDSON,
Postmaster General.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8070; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:45 a. m.]

PROPOSED RULE MAKING

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

[49 CFR Part 10]

UNIFORM SYSTEM OF ACCOUNTS FOR STEAM ROADS

REVENUE FROM OPERATING COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

JULY 6, 1951.

Pursuant to the provisions of section 20 (3) of the Interstate Commerce Act, the Commission has approved modification of the Uniform System of Accounts for Steam Railroads so that revenue account 138 "Telegraph and telephone," will in both title and text include the revenue from operating any form of communication system. This is in conformity with an order entered June 22, 1950, making similar changes in property accounts and operating expense accounts for communication systems.

Any interested party may on or before August 10, 1951, file with the Commission written views or arguments to be considered in this connection. Unless otherwise found necessary after consideration of all representations so received, an order will be entered to make the modification as outlined above effective October 1, 1951.

[SEAL] W P BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8082; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:47 a. m.]

NOTICES

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

[Dockets Nos. 2936, 4968]

BRANIFF AIRWAYS, INC., AND CONTINENTAL AIR LINES, INC., REMOVAL OF RESTRICTIONS

NOTICE OF HEARING

In the matter of the proposed amendment of the certificate for route No. 9 held by Braniff Airways, Inc., so as to include Tulsa, Okla., on the Chicago-Brownsville segment thereof, alternate to Oklahoma City, Okla., and the proposed amendment of the certificate for route No. 29 held by Continental Air Lines, Inc., so as to authorize air transportation between Kansas City, Mo., Bartlesville, Okla., and Tulsa, Okla.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, and particularly sections 205 (a), 401 (h) and 1001 thereof, that a hearing in the above-entitled proceeding is assigned to be held on July 26, 1951, at 10:00 a. m., e. d. s. t., in Room No. 5855, Department of Commerce Building, Fourteenth Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, D. C., before Examiner Paul N. Pfeiffer. If necessary the hearing will reconvene in Room No. 5842 of the same building on July 27, 1951.

Without limiting the scope of the issues involved in this proceeding particular attention will be directed to the following matters or questions:

1. Do the public convenience and necessity require the amendment of the certificate held by Braniff Airways, Inc. for route No. 9 so as to include Tulsa, Okla., on the Chicago-Brownsville segment thereof alternate to Oklahoma City, Okla.?

2. Do the public convenience and necessity require the amendment of the certificate held by Continental Air Lines, Inc. for Route No. 29, so as to permit direct service between Kansas City, Mo., Bartlesville and Tulsa, Okla.?

3. Are Braniff Airways, Inc. and Continental Air Lines, Inc. each fit, willing and able to conduct properly the air transportation proposed by them and to conform to the provisions of the act and the requirements of the Board thereunder?

Notice is further given that any person desiring to be heard in this proceeding must file with the Board on or before July 26, 1951 a statement setting forth the issues of fact which he desires to controvert.

For further details of the matters concerned in this proceeding interested persons are referred to the contents of the numbered dockets in this proceeding on file with the Docket Section of the Board.

Dated at Washington, D. C., July 10, 1951.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51-8122; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:54 a. m.]

[Docket No. 3842]

NEW ENGLAND AIR EXPRESS, INC., EXEMPTION APPLICATION

NOTICE OF POSTPONEMENT OF HEARING

In the matter of the application of New England Air Express, Inc. for an exemption filed pursuant to § 291.16 of the Board's Economic Regulations and section 416 (b) of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, that hearing in the above-entitled proceeding, now assigned to be held on July 16, 1951, is postponed to July 31, 1951, at 10:00 a. m., e. d. s. t., in Room 5355, Commerce Building, Fourteenth Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, D. C., before Examiner James S. Keith.

Dated at Washington, D. C., July 10, 1951.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51-8120; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:53 a. m.]

[Docket No. 4109]

AIRLINE TRANSPORT CARRIERS, INC., AND CALIFORNIA CENTRAL AIRLINES; ENFORCEMENT PROCEEDING; INTERLOCKING RELATIONSHIP

NOTICE OF HEARING

In the matter of the application of Charles C. Sherman and Edna K. Sherman for approval of certain interlocking relationships and stock ownership, and an investigation into the relationships between Airline Transport Carriers, Inc., and California Central Airlines.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1939, as amended, particularly sections 205 (a), 408, 409, 412, 1001 and 1002 (b) thereof, that a public hearing in the above-entitled proceeding is assigned to be held on July 23, 1951, at 10:00 a. m., e. d. s. t., in Room 5055, Commerce Building, Fourteenth Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, D. C., before Examiner Walter W Bryan.

Without limiting the scope of the issues presented in this proceeding, particular attention will be directed to the following matters and questions:

1. Would the public interest be adversely affected by the interlocking relationship between Airline Transport Carriers, Inc., and California Central Airlines for which approval is sought in the application Docket No. 4109;

2. Whether there is or has been any common control relationship between Airline Transport Carriers, Inc., and California Central Airlines or any contracts, agreements, leases or other arrangements between the above carriers within the meaning of section 408 of the act, without prior approval of the Board;

3. Whether there has existed interlocking relationship between the above carriers without prior approval of the Board as required under section 409 of the act;

4. Whether there has existed any contracts, arrangements, written or oral, between the above carriers which have not been filed with the Board as required under section 412 of the act;

5. Whether California Central Airlines has violated section 408 of the act by leasing aircraft from Airline Transport Carriers, Inc., under Agreement C. A. B. No. 4507 and whether section 412 was violated by failure of the parties to file the above agreement within the prescribed time; and

6. Whether the Board should issue an order directing the above carriers and their officers and directors to cease and desist from any violations which are established in this proceeding and compel compliance with the necessary provisions of the act.

Notice is further given that any person, other than parties of record, desiring to controvert in fact or law any of the issues raised in this proceeding must file with the Board on or before July 23, 1951, a statement of said issues.

For further details concerning the application and investigation involved in this proceeding, interested parties are referred to the Official Docket on file with the Civil Aeronautics Board.

Dated at Washington, D. C., July 10, 1951.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51-8121; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:53 a. m.]

[Docket No. 4926]

MID-CONTINENT AIRLINES, INC., AND CONTINENTAL AIR LINES, INC., JOINT APPLICATION FOR APPROVAL OF INTERCHANGE OF EQUIPMENT AGREEMENT

NOTICE OF HEARING

In the matter of the joint application of Mid-Continent Airlines, Inc., and Continental Air Lines, Inc., for approval by the Civil Aeronautics Board under section 412 and, if such approval is deemed necessary, under section 408 of the Civil Aeronautics Act, of an agreement relating to the interchange of equipment.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, that the above-entitled proceeding is assigned for hearing on July 24, 1951, at 10:00 a. m., e. d. s. t., in Room 5959, Commerce Building, Fourteenth Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, D. C., before Examiner J. Earl Cox.

Without limiting the scope of the issues to be considered, particular atten-

tion will be directed to the following matters:

(1) Whether the agreement is adverse to the public interest or in violation of the act.

(2) Whether there is substantial control of either carrier by the other to require approval by the Civil Aeronautics Board under section 408 of the act; and if such approval is necessary whether such control is inconsistent with the public interest and whether it would result in creating a monopoly or monopolies and thereby restrain competition or jeopardize another air carrier.

Notice is further given that any person, other than parties of record, desiring to be heard in this proceeding shall file with the Board on or before July 24, 1951, a statement setting forth the issues of fact and law raised by this proceeding which he desires to controvert.

Dated at Washington, D. C., July 9, 1951.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8081; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:47 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Army

WORLD WAR II CEMETERIES

TRANSFER TO AMERICAN BATTLE MONUMENTS COMMISSION

The following material, contained in a letter from the Secretary of the Army to the Chairman, American Battle Monuments Commission, dated June 26, 1951, is published for the information of all concerned:

Pursuant to the provisions of Executive Order 10057, May 14, 1949, as amended by Executive Order 10087, December 3, 1949, all functions of administration pertaining to the World War II United States military cemetery located at Neuville-en-Condroz, Belgium, are hereby transferred from the Department of the Army to the American Battle Monuments Commission, effective 30 June 1951.

Pursuant to informal agreement between representatives of the Department and of the Commission, instructions are being issued by the Department of the Army to the Commander-in-Chief, European Command, to effect this transfer as of 30 June 1951, and to accomplish the transfer of such supplies, equipment, temporary structures, utilities, facilities and cemetery records pertaining to this cemetery as is authorized by Executive Order 10057 as amended. The details of such transfers will be the responsibility of the Commander-in-Chief, European Command, in conjunction with field representatives of the Commission.

Records pertinent to the acquisition of real estate upon which this cemetery and its appurtenances are situated are to be transferred to the Commission, under the provisions of Executive Order 10057, as amended. Accordingly, the transfer of administration herein provided for is made with the understanding that the American Battle Monuments Commission will assume responsibility for any and all pending negotiations with foreign countries and the Government of the United States concerning the acquisition of rights or interests in perpetuity in the land of which this cemetery is located.

Neuville-en-Condroz is the final cemetery to be transferred to the administration of the Commission in accordance with the above-mentioned Executive Order, the operational mission of the Department of the Army with respect to the cemetery having been completed.

[SEAL] WM. E. BERGIN,
Major General, U. S. Army,
Acting The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8073; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:45 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[Order 427, Amdt. 2]

REGIONAL ADMINISTRATORS

DELEGATIONS OF AUTHORITY

Order No. 427 is amended as follows:

PART 1—AUTHORITY IN GENERAL

1. Section 1.1 (e) is amended to read:

(e) Each employee who serves as acting regional administrator shall prepare a memorandum to be kept in the regional office showing the date and hour of the commencement and termination of each period of his service in that capacity.

2. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of section 1.4 are amended to read:

SEC. 1.4 *Authority to designate employees to perform the functions of acting managers.* * * *

(c) The regional administrator of any region may authorize any qualified employee of the Bureau of Land Management in his region to perform the functions of the manager of a district land and survey office in his region in case of the death, resignation, absence, or sickness of the manager.

(d) An employee who is authorized to perform the functions of the manager shall sign documents and other papers as "Acting Manager." No employee, however, shall perform such functions until he has filed a bond in such penal sum as may be fixed and the bond has been accepted. Each employee who serves in this capacity shall by memorandum advise the regional administrator of the beginning and termination of the period of the service.

PART 2—AUTHORITY IN SPECIFIED MATTERS

GENERAL

3. Section 2.13 is amended to read:

SEC. 2.13 *Roads.* Matters involving the acquisition of rights-of-way for access roads on the revested Oregon and California Railroad and the reconveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands in Oregon, and of existing connecting roads adjacent to such lands, including purchases after clearance with the Department of Justice but not including recommendations to the Attorney General for condemnation proceedings.

CLASSIFICATIONS, WITHDRAWALS, AND RESTORATIONS

4. Section 2.22, authorizing the regional administrators to issue certain classes of orders of withdrawal and restorations, is amended by adding after paragraph (a) (5) a new paragraph as follows:

(6) Opening lands acquired by exchanges, after acceptance of title.

NONMINERAL MATTERS, EXCEPT RANGE MANAGEMENT AND TIMBER

5. Section 2.51 is amended to read:

SEC. 2.51 *Airports and air navigation facilities.* (a) Leases of public lands for public airports and permits for air navigation facilities under the act of May 24, 1928 (49 U. S. C. 211-214)

(b) All actions under the Federal Airport Act (49 U. S. C. 1101), up to the issuance of patents.

6. Section 2.70 is amended to read:

SEC. 2.70 *Public sales.* Public sales pursuant to 43 CFR, Part 250, and other sales of land by competitive bidding, when authorized by law, except that applications by and sales to aliens, associations having an appreciable number of alien members, and corporations whose stock to an appreciable extent is held by aliens, are subject to approval by the Secretary of the Interior.

RANGE MANAGEMENT

7. Section 2.91 is amended to read:

SEC. 2.91 *Grazing district administration.* Range management matters pertaining to the administration of grazing districts pursuant to the act of June 28, 1934, as amended and supplemented (43 U. S. C. 315 et. seq., 16 U. S. C. 715l) and 43 CFR Parts 161, 163 and 165, as follows:

(a) Licenses or permits to graze or trail livestock in grazing districts.

(b) Cooperative agreements under:

(1) Section 2 of the act (43 U. S. C. 315a) with respect to erosion and flood control, and range studies and experiments;

(2) Section 9 of the act (43 U. S. C. 315h) with associations or State agencies for the conservation or propagation of wildlife; and

(3) Section 12 of the act (43 U. S. C. 315k) with any department of the Government to coordinate range administration.

(c) Permits or cooperative agreements to construct and maintain range improvements and determine the value of such improvements.

(d) The expenditure of funds appropriated by the Congress, or contributed by individuals, associations, advisory boards, or others, for the construction, purchase or maintenance of range improvements.

(e) Leases under the Pierce Act (43 U. S. C. 315m-1 to 315m-4 inclusive)

(f) Require field employees to furnish horses and miscellaneous equipment necessary for the performance of their of-

ficial duties, pursuant to the act of December 18, 1942 (43 U. S. C. 315o–2) and make payments in connection therewith as authorized by that act.

8. Section 2.93 is amended to read:

SEC. 2.93 *Appropriation of water* Execution and forwarding to the proper State office of informational notices of the appropriation of water on the public lands, and applications under State laws to appropriate water on other lands under the administration of the Bureau of Land Management, where required in connection with stock-watering projects, and procurement of easements or rights-of-way upon or over private lands where improvements are erected.

ROSCOE E. BELL,
Associate Director

Approved: July 10, 1951.

OSCAR L. CHAPMAN,
Secretary of the Interior

[F. R. Doc. 51–8074; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:46 a. m.]

[Misc. 55176]

ARIZONA

ORDER PROVIDING FOR OPENING OF PUBLIC LANDS

JULY 10, 1951.

In an exchange of lands made under the provisions of section 8 of the act of June 28, 1934 (48 Stat. 1269) as amended June 26, 1936 (49 Stat. 1976, 43 U. S. C. 315g) the following described lands have been reconveyed to the United States:

GILA AND SALT RIVER MERIDIAN

T. 37 N., R. 5 E.,
Sec. 2.
T. 17 N., R. 25 E.,
Sec. 32, S½, NE¼, E½NW¼, SW¼NW¼.
T. 12 S., R. 30 E.,
Secs. 32 and 36.
T. 2 N., R. 3 W.,
Sec. 36, N½, N½SW¼.
T. 4 N., R. 11 W.,
Sec. 16.
T. 2 N., R. 15 W.,
Sec. 32, SE¼.
T. 3 N., R. 18 W.,
Sec. 16, NE¼, S½.
T. 1 N., R. 19 W.,
Sec. 32.

The areas described aggregate 4,840 acres.

The lands are primarily suitable for grazing.

No applications for these lands may be allowed under the homestead, small tract, desert-land, or any other nonmineral public-land laws, unless the lands have already been classified as valuable or suitable for such type of application, or shall be so classified upon consideration of an application.

This order shall not otherwise become effective to change the status of such lands until 10:00 a. m., on the 35th day after the date of this order. At that time the said lands shall, subject to valid existing rights and the provisions of existing withdrawals, become subject to application, petition, location, and selection as follows:

(a) *Ninety-one day period for preference-right filings.* For a period of 91 days, commencing at the hour and on the day specified above, the public lands affected by this order shall be subject only to (1) application under the homestead or the desert-land laws or the Small Tract Act of June 1, 1938, 52 Stat. 609 (43 U. S. C. 682a) as amended, by qualified veterans of World War II and other qualified persons entitled to preference under the act of September 27, 1944, 58 Stat. 747 (43 U. S. C. 279–284), as amended, subject to the requirements of applicable law, and (2) application under any applicable public-land law, based on prior existing valid settlement rights and preference rights conferred by existing laws or equitable claims subject to allowance and confirmation. Applications under subdivision (1) of this paragraph shall be subject to applications and claims of the classes described in subdivision (2) of this paragraph. All applications filed under this paragraph either at or before 10:00 a. m., on the 35th day after the date of this order shall be treated as though filed simultaneously at that time. All applications filed under this paragraph after 10:00 a. m., on the said 35th day shall be considered in the order of filing.

(b) *Date for non-preference-right filings.* Commencing at 10:00 a. m., on the 126th day after the date of this order, any lands remaining unappropriated shall become subject to such application, petition, location, selection, or other appropriation by the public generally as may be authorized by the public-land laws. All such applications filed either at or before 10:00 a. m., on the 126th day after the date of this order, shall be treated as though filed simultaneously at the hour specified on such 126th day. All applications filed thereafter shall be considered in the order of filing.

A veteran shall accompany his application with a complete photostatic, or other copy (both sides) of his certificate of honorable discharge, or of an official document of his branch of the service which shows clearly his honorable discharge as defined in § 181.36 of Title 43 of the Code of Federal Regulations, or constitutes evidence of other facts upon which the claim for preference is based and which shows clearly the period of service. Other persons claiming credit for service of veterans must furnish like proof in support of their claims. Persons asserting preference rights, through settlement or otherwise, and those having equitable claims, shall accompany their applications by duly corroborated statements in support thereof, setting forth in detail all facts relevant to their claims.

Applications for these lands, which shall be filed in the Land and Survey Office at Phoenix, Arizona, shall be acted upon in accordance with the regulations contained in § 295.3 of Title 43 of the Code of Federal Regulations and Part 296 of that title, to the extent that such regulations are applicable. Applications under the homestead laws shall be governed by the regulations contained in Parts 166 to 170, inclusive, of Title 43 of the Code of Federal Regulations, and applications under the desert-land laws and the said Small Tract Act of June 1, 1938, shall be governed by the regulations contained in Parts 232 and 257, respectively, of that title.

Inquiries concerning these lands shall be addressed to the Manager, Land and Survey Office, Phoenix, Arizona.

WILLIAM ZIMMERMAN, Jr.,
Associate Director.

[F. R. Doc. 51–8076; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:46 a. m.]

Office of the Secretary

[Order No. 2583, Amdt. 2]

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY IN CONNECTION WITH LANDS AND RESOURCES

Order No. 2583 is amended as follows:

PART 2—AUTHORITY IN SPECIFIED MATTERS

GENERAL

1. Section 2.13 is amended to read:

SEC. 2.13. *Roads.* Matters involving the acquisition of rights-of-way for access roads on the revested Oregon and California Railroad and the reconveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands in Oregon, and of existing connecting roads adjacent to such lands, including purchases after clearance with the Department of Justice but not including recommendations to the Attorney General for condemnation proceedings; also the approval of projects for the construction of roads to provide access to the timber on such lands.

MINERALS

2. The following new sections are added:

SEC. 2.33a *Phosphate leases.* Matters related to phosphate leases under sections 9 to 12 inclusive, of the act of February 25, 1920 (30 U. S. C. 211–214) as amended, and phosphate leases under the act of August 7, 1947 (30 U. S. C., Sup. III, 351–359) other than the issuance of the leases.

SEC. 2.33b *Potassium permits and leases.* Matters related to potassium permits and leases under the act of February 7, 1927 (30 U. S. C., 281–285) as amended, and potassium permits and leases, under the act of August 7, 1947 (30 U. S. C., Sup. III, 351–359) other than the issuance of the permits and leases.

NONMINERAL MATTERS, EXCEPT RANGE MANAGEMENT AND TIMBER

3. Section 2.51 is amended to read:

SEC. 2.51 *Airports and air navigation facilities.* (a) Leases of public lands for public airports and permits for air navigation facilities under the act of May 24, 1928 (49 U. S. C. 211–214)

(b) All actions under the Federal Airport Act (49 U. S. C. 1101) up to the issuance of patents.

4. Section 2.70 is amended to read:

SEC. 2.70 *Public sales.* Public sales pursuant to 43 CFR Part 250, and other sales of land by competitive bidding when authorized by law, except that applications by and sales to aliens, associations having an appreciable number of alien members, and corporations whose stock to an appreciable extent is held by aliens, are subject to approval by the Secretary of the Interior.

5. The following new section is added:

SEC. 2.70a *Railroad grants.* The adjustment of railroad grants and claims within such grants, pursuant to 43 CFR, Part 273.

RANGE MANAGEMENT

6. Section 2.93 is amended to read:

SEC. 2.93 *Appropriation of water* Execution and forwarding to the proper State office of informational notices of the appropriation of water on the public lands, and applications under State laws to appropriate water on other lands under the administration of the Bureau of Land Management, where required in connection wth stock-watering projects, and procurement of easements or rights-of-way upon or over private lands where improvements are erected.

OSCAR L. CHAPMAN,
Secretary of the Interior

JULY 10, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8075; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:46 a. m.]

ECONOMIC STABILIZATION AGENCY

Office of Price Stabilization

[Delegation of Authority 7, Supplement 2]

TERRITORIAL DIRECTOR OF PUERTO RICO

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO APPROVE, DISAPPROVE, OR REVISE CEILING PRICES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTIONS 5 AND 6 OF CPR-44

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of Region 14, Office of Price Stabilization by Office of Price Stabilization Delegation of Authority 7, Supplement 1, this delegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby delegated to the Director of the Territorial Office of the Office of Price Stabilization in Puerto Rico to approve, disapprove, or revise ceiling prices applied for in accordance with section 5 of CPR-44.

2. Authority is hereby delegated to the Director of the Territorial Office of the Office of Price Stabilization in Puerto Rico to revise ceiling prices in accordance with section 6 of CPR-44.

This delegation of authority shall take effect on July 14, 1951.

J. HERBERT MEIGHAN,
Director, Region 14.

Dated: July 13, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8179; Filed, July 13, 1951; 10:28 a. m.]

[Delegation of Authority No. 13]

REGIONAL DIRECTORS

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ACT ON APPLICATIONS PERTAINING TO CERTAIN FOOD AND RESTAURANT COMMODITIES

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of Price Stabilization pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950 (64 Stat. 812), as amended, and Executive Order 10161 (15 F R. 6105) by Economic Stabilization General Order No. 2 (16 F R. 738) this delegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority to act under section 13 of CPR 11, as amended. Authority is hereby delegated to the Directors of the Regional Offices of the Office of Price Stabilization to act on all applications for price action and adjustment under the provisions of section 13 of CPR 11, as amended. The authority herein delegated may be redelegated to the Directors of District Offices of the Office of Price Stabilization. The delegation of authority in this item shall take effect on July 18, 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

JULY 13, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8180; Filed, July 13, 1951; 10:28 a. m.]

[General Ceiling Price Regulation, Supplementary Regulation 5, Section 8, Special Order 2]

CERTAIN CHRYSLER AUTOMOBILES

RETAIL LIST PRICES

Statement of considerations. The Director of Price Stabilization has recently established wholesale ceiling prices on certain new models of automobiles not counterparts of those previously produced, for the Chrysler Corporation pursuant to section 4 (d) of Ceiling Price Regulation 1. Accordingly, by authority of section 8 of Supplementary Regulation 5 to the General Ceiling Price Regulation and in conformity with the standards set forth therein, the Director has determined to establish dollar and cents prices for such models, which prices shall be used by the seller in place of the sum of those items specified in section 3 (a) and 3 (h) of Supplementary Regulation 5 to the General Ceiling Price Regulation, to determine retail ceiling prices under section 3 thereof.

Special provisions. For the reasons set forth in the statement of considerations and pursuant to section 8 of Supplementary Regulation 5 to the General Ceiling Price Regulation, this Special Order 2 is hereby issued.

1. The following prices for the "Saratoga" line of automobiles shipped by Chrysler Corporation on and after July 10, 1951, with four tires and tubes are established for use of retail sellers in place of the sum of those items specified in section 3 (a) and 3 (h) of Supplementary Regulation 5 to the General Ceiling Price Regulation.

Chrysler Saratoga, C-55:	
6 passenger sedan	$2,744.13
8 passenger sedan	3,612.69
Limousine	3,917.15
Club coupe	2,754.48
Town and country wagon	3,363.13

2. This special order or any provision thereof may be revoked, suspended or amended by the Director of Price Stabilization at any time.

Effective date. This special order shall become effective July 14, 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

JULY 13, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8173; Filed, July 13, 1951; 10:27 a. m.]

DEFENSE PRODUCTION ADMINISTRATION

NORTHROP AIRCRAFT, INC.

ADDITION TO MEMBERSHIP ON ARMY ORDNANCE INTEGRATION COMMITTEE ON OPTICAL FIRE CONTROL

Pursuant to section 708 of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (Public Law 774, 81st Congress) notice is herewith given that Northrop Aircraft, Inc., of Hawthorne, California, has become a member of the Army Ordnance Integration Committee on Optical Fire Control in accordance with the voluntary plan entitled "Plan and Regulations of Ordnance Corps Governing Optical Fire Control Integration Committee" dated January 30, 1951, which was published in 16 F. R. 1965 on March 1, 1951.

(Sec. 708, Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong., E. O. 10200, Jan. 3, 1951, 16 F. R. 61; Letter[1] from the President to the Director of the Office of Defense Mobilization, dated Apr. 27, 1951, 16 F. R. 3691)

CHARLES E. WILSON,
Director,
Office of Defense Mobilization.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8158; Filed, July 12, 1951; 4:47 p. m.]

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

[Docket No. E-6359]

IOWA PUBLIC SERVICE CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER AUTHORIZING ISSUANCE OF BONDS

JULY 10, 1951.

Notice is hereby given that, on July 10, 1951, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered July 9, 1951, supplementing its order of June 21, 1951, published in the FEDERAL REGISTER June 29, 1951 (16 F R. 6323) authorizing issuance of bonds in the above-entitled matter.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8085; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:47 a. m.]

[1] The letter from the President, dated April 27, 1951, to the Director of Defense Mobilization, conferred upon the Director of the Office of Defense Mobilization the powers delegated to the Defense Production Administrator by E. O. 10200 of Jan. 3, 1951, 16 F. R. 61, relating to voluntary agreements and programs under sec. 708 of the Defense Production Act of 1950, Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong., during the incumbency of the Acting Defense Production Administrator.

[Docket No. G-1564]

SOUTHWESTERN VIRGINIA GAS TRANSMISSION CO.

NOTICE OF CONTINUANCE OF HEARING

JULY 9, 1951.

Upon consideration of the Motion of Southwestern Virginia Gas Transmission Company filed June 26, 1951, notice is hereby given that the hearing in the above-designated matter now scheduled for July 23, 1951, be and it is hereby continued to August 3, 1951, at 10:00 a. m., in the Commission's Hearing Room, at 1800 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D. C.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51-8079, Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:46 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-1710]

TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE CORP.

NOTICE OF ORDER INSTITUTING INVESTIGATION AND FIXING DATE OF HEARING

JULY 9, 1951.

Notice is hereby given that, on July 9, 1951, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered July 6, 1951, in the above-entitled matter, amending its order instituting investigation and fixing date of hearing, issued June 14, 1951, published in the FEDERAL REGISTER June 20, 1951 (16 F. R. 5882) to include Transcontinental's Rate Schedule EX-1, filed June 6, 1951, in lieu of the previous filing of March 26, 1951.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51-8080; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:47 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-1728]

ROCKLAND LIGHT AND POWER CO.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

JULY 10, 1951.

Take notice that Rockland Light and Power Company (Applicant) a New York corporation with its principal place of business at No. 10 North Broadway Street, Nyack, New York, filed on June 26, 1951, an application pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act for an order directing Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corporation to connect its natural-gas transportation facilities with those of Applicant and to sell natural gas to Applicant, for permission and authorization to substitute natural gas so furnished to Applicant for part of the natural gas presently furnished to Applicant by Home Gas Company, and for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing construction and operation of certain additional natural-gas facilities, as hereinafter set forth.

Applicant proposes to construct and operate an 8-inch pipe line approximately 22 miles long from a point on the natural-gas transmission pipe line of Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corporation in the Town of Orangetown, Rockland County, New York northerly to Tomkins Cove, Rockland County, New York. Upon completion of the proposed construction, Applicant proposes to take from Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corporation natural gas in amounts expected by Applicant to reach 8000 Mcf. per day in 1972 in partial fulfillment of the requirements of Applicant's customers, which Applicant estimates at 10,000 Mcf. for the peak day of winter 1951-1952. Applicant will take smaller amounts of gas from Home Gas Company, which has limited Applicant's peak day requirement for winter 1951-1952 to 6,300 Mcf. The capacity of the proposed transmission line will be 11,000 Mcf. per day.

The estimated cost of the proposed construction is $753,315, which Applicant proposes to finance initially through short term bank loans.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D. C., in accordance with the Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) on or before the 27th day of July 1951. The application is on file with the Commission for public inspection.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51-8084; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:47 a. m.]

[Project No. 1927]

CALIFORNIA OREGON POWER CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER AMENDING LICENSE

JULY 9, 1951.

Notice is hereby given that, on June 7, 1951, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered June 1, 1951, further amending License (Major), effective as of January 1, 1950, in the above-designated matter.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51-8078; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:46 a. m.]

[Project No. 2038]

WINDSOR LOCKS CANAL CO.

NOTICE OF AMENDMENT TO APPLICATION FOR PRELIMINARY PERMIT

JULY 9, 1951.

Public notice is hereby given that The Windsor Locks Canal Company, 36 Pearl Street, Hartford 1, Connecticut, has filed application under the Federal Power Act (16 U. S. C. 791a-825r (for amendment of its pending application for preliminary permit for proposed Project No. 2038. Whereas the original application contemplated the construction of hydroelectric facilities at a Government navigation dam proposed to be constructed on the Connecticut River immediately upstream from the New York, New Haven, and Hartford railroad bridge at Windsor Locks, and whereas no Congressional authorization for such dam has yet been granted, the applicant now proposes to construct a dam at the same site on the river in addition to the appurtenant hydroelectric facilities described in its original application, which facilities would consist of a reservoir having a full pond elevation of 45 feet (Hartford datum) extending to Holyoke, Massachusetts; a powerhouse containing 4 turbines having a total rated capacity of 56,300 horsepower connected to four generators with total capacity of 42,000 kilowatts; and other appurtenant facilities.

Any protest against the approval of this application or request for hearing thereon, with the reason for such protest or request and the name and address of the party or parties so protesting or requesting should be submitted on or before August 13, 1951, to the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D. C.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51-8023; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:47 a. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File No. 59-83]

EASTERN UTILITIES ASSOCIATES ET AL.

ORDER GRANTING APPLICATION REQUESTING EXTENSION OF TIME

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 10th day of July A. D. 1951.

Eastern Utilities Associates ("EUA") a registered holding company, on behalf of itself and its subsidiary companies, namely, Blackstone Valley Gas and Electric Company ("Blackstone"), Brockton Edison Company ("Brockton") Fall River Electric Light Company ("Fall River") and Montaup Electric Company ("Montaup") have filed an application with this Commission, pursuant to section 11 (c) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, requesting therein that this Commission, by order, extend the time for compliance by EUA and its subsidiary companies with this Commission's order, dated April 4, 1950, and issued pursuant to sections 11 (b) (1), 11 (b) (2) and certain other sections of the act. This order provides, in part, that (1) EUA, within one year from the date of said order, shall terminate its existence and distribute its assets to its security holders pursuant to a fair and equitable plan, filed with and approved by this Commission, or (2) if EUA, within such year, shall have acquired, directly or indirectly, all interests in excess of 10% held outside its system, then, EUA shall, within such year, pursuant to a fair and equitable plan filed with and approved by this Commission, reclassify its Common and Convertible shares into a single class of shares and allocate such new shares among its security holders, or, in the alternative, terminate its existence and distribute its assets to its security holders. This order, in effect, further requires the disposition of the gas properties owned by Blackstone, within one year from the date of said order.

Notice of the filing of said application and of opportunity for hearing thereon was duly given and one Alfred Sasser filed a request for hearing.

On May 22, 1950, EUA filed a plan of reorganization under section 11 (e) of the act for the purpose of complying with said Commission's order, dated April 4, 1950. This plan, adopting the second alternative of said Order, was divided into two steps, the first of which, after hearings thereon, was approved by order of this Commission, dated August 17, 1950. Pursuant to Step 1 and this Commission's order of August 17, 1950, EUA acquired all but 2,662 shares of Fall River's capital stock held outside its system and now owns 98½ percent of that company's voting power.

On March 20, 1951, EUA filed its amended plan of reorganization dividing Step 2 into two parts, the first of which covers the acquisition of all of the properties and assets of Brockton, Fall River and Montaup and all of Blackstone's securities by a newly organized holding operating company, and the permanent financing of such company and the second of which covers the allocation of the new company's common stock between EUA's Common and Convertible shareholders. After appropriate notice, hearings on the amended plan were reconvened on May 8, 1951, and have been continued subject to further order of the Commission.

With respect to the disposition of Blackstone's gas properties, the application states that EUA has taken, and is taking, steps to interest possible purchasers in such properties. In this connection it is further stated that although the advent of natural gas to Blackstone's service area is expected by the end of 1951, the exact manner in which natural gas is to be furnished to this area is unsettled.

The Commission finds that applicants could not in the exercise of due diligence have complied fully with the Commission's order within the initial one-year period and that the application should be granted.

The Commission further finds that the request for hearing of said Alfred Sasser raises issues which can be explored more appropriately in the section 11 (e) proceedings of EUA rather than in the instant proceedings and that such request for hearing should therefore be denied.

It is ordered, That EUA and its subsidiary companies be, and the same hereby are, granted until April 4, 1952 in which to comply with this Commission's order dated April 4, 1950 and issued pursuant to sections 11 (b) (1) 11 (b) (2) and certain other sections of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935; and

It is further ordered, That the request for hearing of Alfred Sasser be, and the same hereby is, denied.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] NELLYE A. THORSEN,
Assistant Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8089; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:48 a. m.]

[File No. 70-2634]

GENERAL PUBLIC UTILITIES CORP.

SUPPLEMENTAL ORDER GRANTING AUTHORITY TO ISSUE AND SELL ADDITIONAL SHARES OF COMMON STOCK REMAINING AFTER RIGHTS OFFERING

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 10th day of July 1951.

General Public Utilities Corporation ("GPU") a registered holding company, having filed a post-effective amendment to its application-declaration, as amended, under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 ("act") with respect to the following transactions:

The Commission by orders dated June 5, 1951 (Holding Company Act Release No. 10599) and June 14, 1951 (Holding Company Act Release No. 10622), granted and permited to become effective GPU's application-declaration, as amended, with respect to the issue by GPU to its common stockholders of rights to subscribe for 504,657 additional shares of common stock. Such orders also permitted the sale during the subscription period, through participating security dealers and others, of shares of the additional common stock not subscribed for by stockholders and any shares of outstanding common stock acquired by GPU for stabilization purposes.

The post-effective amendment states that during the period beginning July 10, 1951, and expiring at the close of business on July 16, 1951, GPU proposes to dispose of all shares of additional common stock not sold during the subscription period, estimated in the aggregate amount of 41,671 shares, by the same method employed in selling shares of additional common stock during the subscription period, all as more fully set forth in Holding Company Act Release Nos. 10599 and 10622.

The Commission having examined said post-effective amendment and having considered the record herein and finding no reason for imposing terms or conditions with respect to said matter other than those contained in Rule U-24.

It is ordered, That the post-effective amendment be, and the same hereby is, granted and permitted to become effective forthwith, subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24.

It is further ordered, That jurisdiction be, and the same hereby is, continued with respect to any and all fees and expenses incurred or to be incurred herein, except those proposed to be paid to the participating security dealers or others who acquire the remaining shares.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] NELLYE A. THORSEN,
Assistant Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8087; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:48 a. m.]

[File No. 70-2656]

NEW ENGLAND ELECTRIC SYSTEM ET AL.

NOTICE OF PROPOSED NOTE ISSUES

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 9th day of July A. D. 1951.

In the matter of New England Electric System, Beverly Gas and Electric Company, Gloucester Electric Company, Malden Electric Company, Northampton Electric Light Company, Northern Berkshire Gas Company, Quincy Electric Light and Power Company, Suburban Gas and Electric Company, Weymouth Light and Power Company; File No. 70-2656.

Notice is hereby given that New England Electric System ("NEES"), a registered holding company, and its above named public utility subsidiary companies, hereinafter individually referred to as "Beverly" "Gloucester Electric", "Malden Electric" "Northampton Electric" "Northern Berkshire", "Quincy", "Suburban" and "Weymouth" and collectively referred to as "the borrowing companies" have filed applications-declarations pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 ("act") The filing designates sections 7, 10, and 12 of the act and Rules U-23, and U-43 (a) and U-45 (b) (1) promulgated thereunder as being applicable to the transactions described therein.

Notice is further given that any interested person may, not later than July 20, 1951, at 5:30 p. m. e. d. s. t., request the commission in writing that a hearing to be held on such matter stating the nature of his interest, the reason for such request and the issues, if any, of fact or law proposed to be controverted; or he may request that he be notified if the Commission should order a hearing thereon. At any time after said date, said applications-declarations, as filed or as amended, may be granted or permitted to become effective as provided in Rule U-23 of the rules and regulations promulgated under the act or the Commission may exempt such transactions as provided in Rule U-20 (a) and Rule U-100 thereof. Any such request should be addressed to: Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 425 Second Street NW., Washington 25, D. C.

All interested persons are referred to said applications-declarations, which are on file in the offices of this Commission, for a statement of the transactions therein proposed which are summarized as follows:

The borrowing companies propose to issue to NEES, from time to time but not later than September 30, 1951, unsecured promissory notes in an aggregate principal amount up to but not exceeding $1,525,000. Said notes will mature April 1, 1952, and will bear interest at the prime interest rate charged by banks for such notes at the time said notes are issued to NEES. It is stated in the applications-declarations, that said prime interest rate at the present time is 2½ percent. If said prime interest rate is in excess of 2¾ percent at the time any of such notes is issued, NEES and the specific borrowing company will file an appropriate amendment to this filing, setting forth therein the principal amount of the note proposed to be issued and the rate of interest thereon, at least five days prior to the execution and delivery thereof and NEES and the borrowing companies re-

quest that, unless the Commission notifies it and the borrowing company to the contrary within said five day period, such amendment will become effective at the end of such period. The applications-declarations further state that the proposed notes may be prepaid, in whole or in part, prior to maturity.

Other than note indebtedness to NEES, aggregating $3,185,000, the borrowing companies do not have any indebtedness represented by notes payable to banks or any advances payable to NEES. The following table shows the aggregate face amount of additional promissory notes proposed to be issued to NEES by each of the borrowing companies.

Company:	*Aggregate amount of notes proposed to be issued to NEES*
Beverly	$100,000
Gloucester Electric	25,000
Malden Electric	200,000
Northampton Electric	100,000
Northern Berkshire	500,000
Quincy	200,000
Suburban	200,000
Weymouth	200,000
Total	1,525,000

The applications-declarations further state that the proceeds to be derived from the proposed note issues will be used by each of the borrowing companies for construction, or for construction and costs of conversion to natural gas.

The applications-declarations further state that incidental services in connection with the proposed transactions will be performed, at cost, by New England Power Service Company, an affiliated service company, such cost being estimated not to exceed $100 for NEES and each of the borrowing companies, or an aggregate of $900.

The applications-declarations further state that no State commission or Federal commission, other than this Commission, has jurisdiction over the proposed transactions.

NEES and the borrowing companies request that the Commission's order herein become effective upon issuance thereof.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] NELLYE A. THORSEN, *Assistant Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51-8086; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:47 a. m.]

[File No. 70-2662]

COLUMBIA GAS SYSTEM, INC., AND CUMBERLAND AND ALLEGHENY GAS CO.

NOTICE REGARDING THE PROPOSED ISSUANCE AND SALE OF PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF NOTES TO PARENT COMPANY BY SUBSIDIARY

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 10th day of July A. D. 1951.

Notice is hereby given that a joint application has been filed with this Commission by the Columbia Gas System, Inc. ("Columbia") a registered holding company, and its wholly owned subsidiary, Cumberland and Allegheny Gas Company ("Cumberland"), pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935. The joint applicants have designated sections 6 (b), 9 and 10 of the act as being applicable to the proposed transaction.

All interested persons are referred to said joint application which is on file in the offices of this Commission for a statement of the transaction therein proposed, which is summarized as follows:

Cumberland proposes to issue and sell and Columbia proposes to acquire, from time to time prior to March 31, 1952, not to exceed $675,000 principal amount of Cumberland's unsecured Installment Promissory Notes. Said notes will be registered and the principal amounts thereof are to be payable in twenty-five equal annual installments, on February 15th of each of the years 1953 to 1977, inclusive. The unpaid principal amount of such notes would bear interest at the rate of 3¼ percent per annum, payable semi-annually on February 15 and August 15 of each year during the time the notes are outstanding. The proceeds from the sale of said 3¼ percent notes will be used by Cumberland for the purpose of financing a part of its proposed 1951 construction program.

The joint application states that the Public Service Commission of West Virginia has jurisdiction over the proposed issuance and sale of the said notes by Cumberland.

Notice is further given that any interested person may, not later than July 25, 1951, at 5:30 p. m., e. d. s. t., request the Commission in writing that a hearing be held on such matter, stating the reasons for such request, the nature of his interest and the issues of fact or law raised by said joint application which he desires to controvert, or may request that he be notified if the Commission should order a hearing thereon. Any such request should be addressed: Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 425 Second Street NW., Washington 25, D. C. At any time after July 25, 1951, said joint application, as filed or as amended, may be granted as provided in Rule U-23 of the rules and regulations promulgated under the act, or the Commission may exempt such transaction as provided in Rules U-20 (a) and U-100 thereof.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] NELLYE A. THORSEN, *Assistant Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51-8023; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:48 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of Alien Property

AUTHORITY: 40 Stat. 411, 55 Stat. 839, Pub. Laws 322, 671, 79th Cong., 60 Stat. 50, 925; 50 U. S. C. and Supp. App. 1, 616; E. O. 9193, July 6, 1942, 3 CFR, Cum. Supp., E. O. 9567, June 8, 1945, 3 CFR, 1945 Supp., E. O. 9783, Oct. 14, 1946, 11 F. R. 11981.

[Vesting Order 10120]

THERESIA HALBERGER ET AL.

In re: Real property owned by Theresia Hamberger and others. D-28-13014.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Theresia Hamberger, Gertrude Wozabal Urbas, Maria Wozabal Durwen and Franz Wozabal, each of whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

2. That the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Anton Wozabal, deceased, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Germany, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

3. That the property described as follows: That certain real property situated in the City of Sturgeon Bay, County of Door, State of Wisconsin, particularly described in Exhibit A, set forth below and by reference made a part hereof, together with all hereditaments, fixtures, improvements and appurtenances thereto, and any and all claims for rents, refunds, benefits or other payments, arising from the ownership of such property,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany),

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof and referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described in subparagraph 3 hereof, subject to recorded liens, encumbrances and other rights of record held by or for persons who are not nationals of designated enemy countries, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 9, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON, *Assistant Attorney General, Director, Office of Alien Property.*

EXHIBIT A

A tract of land situated in Lot Number 2, Subdivision Number 7, in the City of Sturgeon Bay according to the Assessor's Map of said City of Sturgeon Bay as recorded in

Volume 1 of Plat Books, page 14, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the Northeast corner of Tract B of said Lot Number 2, thence North along the East line of said Lot Number 2 a distance of 232 feet more or less to the Northeast corner of said Lot Number 2, thence West along the North line of said Lot Number 2 a distance of 300 feet more or less to the Northeast corner of the tract of land described in Volume 19 of Deeds, page 167, as recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds for Door County, Wisconsin, thence South along a line parallel to Cedar Street and distant 150 feet therefrom continuing along the Easterly line of the tracts described in Volume 19 of Deeds, page 167, Volume 7 of Quit Claim Deeds, page 383, and Volume 8 of Quit Claim Deeds, page 479, to the Southeast corner of said tract described in Volume 8 of Quit Claim Deeds, page 479, being a distance of 223 feet more or less, thence West along the Southerly line of said last described tract a distance of 150 feet to the Easterly line of Cedar Street, thence Southerly along the Easterly line of Cedar Street a distance of 9 feet more or less to the Northerly line of the Charles Zahn Tract described in Volume 7 of Deeds, page 321, thence East along the Northerly line of said Zahn tract, being Tract A of Lot Number 2, and continuing along the Northerly line of said Tract B in said Lot Number 2 a distance of 450 feet more or less to the place of beginning.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8091; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:49 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18127]

HUBERTUS PLAZEK ET AL.

In re: Interest in oil, gas and other minerals in and under certain real property owned by Hubertus Plazek and others. F-28-26163-C-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Hubertus Plazek, Horst Plazek and Rose Plazek, each of whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

2. That the property described as follows: An undivided 875/565,502ths interest in and to all of the oil, gas and other minerals in and under and that may be produced from the following described lands situated in Oklahoma County, State of Oklahoma, to wit:

Lots 11 to 36 inclusive of Block 9; all of Block 10; all of Block 11 and all of Block 12 of Wilmont Place Addition to Oklahoma City, being a part of the Southwest Quarter of Section Twenty-two, Township Eleven North, Range Three West,

together with any and all claims for rents, refunds, royalties, benefits or other payments arising from the ownership of such interest,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany),

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described in subparagraph 2 hereof, subject to recorded liens, encumbrances and other rights of record held by or for persons who are not nationals of designated enemy countries, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 9, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8092; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:49 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18128]

CARL GUSTAV WATJEN

In re: Interest in real property owned by Carl Gustav Watjen. F-28-31497.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Carl Gustav Watjen, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany),

2. That the property described as follows: An undivided one-seventy-second (1/72d) interest in and to that certain real property situated in the County of Queens, State of New York, more particularly described in Exhibit A, set forth below and by reference made a part hereof, together with all hereditaments, fixtures, improvements and appurtenances thereto, and any and all claims for rents, refunds, benefits or other payments, arising from the ownership of such property,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany),

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany),

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described in subparagraph 2 hereof, subject to recorded liens, encumbrances and other rights of record held by or for persons who are not nationals of designated enemy countries, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 9, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

Parcel, 2. All That certain lot, piece or parcel of land with the buildings thereon, situate, lying and being in the Third Ward of the Borough of Queens, City of New York, County of Queens and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly side of 119th Street (10th Street) with the southerly side of Avenue E, as shown and laid out on the map entitled, "Map of the Village of College Point showing the lines of streets and avenues and the grades thereof as laid out and established by the Trustees of the Village of College Point as the permanent plotting in grades of the streets and avenues in said Village pursuant to Chapter 311 of the Laws of 1869, adopted May 9, 1870," and filed in the Queens County Clerk's Office May 13, 1870, and running thence northerly along the easterly side of 10th Street, if extended 32.47 feet to the northerly line of the first parcel of land described in the deed to Emilie Funke, recorded in the Office of the Register of the County of Queens, in Liber 856 of Conveyances, Page 331; and running thence in a northeasterly direction along a course forming an interior angle with the easterly side of 10th Street, if extended, of 66 degrees 54 minutes 6 seconds, a distance of 147.85 feet and running thence southerly along a course forming an interior angle with the last described course of 86 degrees 18 minutes 28 seconds a distance of 38.49 feet to the southerly side of Avenue E and running thence westerly and at right angles to the last described course and along the southerly side of Avenue E, 132.85 feet to the easterly side of 10th Street, to the point or place of beginning.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8093; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:49 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18129]

OSCAR BAUER

In re: Estate of Oscar Bauer, deceased. File No. D-28-12983; E. T. sec. 17118.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Carl Bauer, Emil Bauer and Elnora Werner, whose last known ad-

dress is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

2. That the children, names unknown, of Carl Bauer, the children, names unknown, of Emil Bauer, and the children, names unknown, of Elnora Werner, and the domicilliary personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of the aforesaid children, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Germany, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

3. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons identified in subparagraphs 1 and 2 hereof, and each of them, in and to the Estate of Oscar Bauer, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

4. That such property is in the process of administration by Tony Whitledge, as Executor, acting under the judicial supervision of the Probate Court of Cook County, Illinois;

and it is hereby determined:

5. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof and the children, names unknown, of Carl Bauer, the children, names unknown, of Emil Bauer, and the children, names unknown, of Elnora Werner, and the domicilliary personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of the aforesaid children, are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest.

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 9, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8094; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:49 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18130]

HENRY C. BOHACK

In re: Trusts under will of Henry C. Bohack, deceased.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Ernst Johann Hermann Bohack, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany),

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the person identified in subparagraph 1 hereof, in and to the Trusts created under the Last Will and Testament of Henry C. Bohack, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

3. That such property is in the process of administration by the surviving Trustees of said Trusts, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court of Queens County, State of New York,

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 9, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8095; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:49 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18131]

PETER DAY

In re: Estate of Peter Day, deceased. File No. D 28-13027; E. T. sec. 17153.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Nicolaus Daemgen, individually and as trustee under the will of Peter Day, deceased, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany),

2. That the nieces and nephews, names unknown, of Peter Day, deceased, being children of the following sisters and brothers of Peter Day, deceased, namely: Christina, Agatha, Mary, Susanna, Stephen and Nicolaus, and the domiciliary personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of the aforesaid nieces and nephews of Peter Day, deceased, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Germany, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

3. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons identified in subparagraphs 1 and 2 hereof, and each of them, in and to the Estate of Peter Day deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

4. That such property is in the process of administration by Alberta Bradford Herbert, administratrix with the will annexed de bonis non, acting under the judicial supervision of the County Court of Alexander County, Illinois:

and it is hereby determined:

5. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof and the nieces and nephews, names unknown of Peter Day, deceased, being children of the following sisters and brothers of Peter Day, deceased, namely: Christina, Agatha, Mary, Susanna, Stephen and Nicolaus, and the domiciliary personal representatives, heirs, next of kin legatees and distributees, names unknown, of the aforesaid nieces and nephews of Peter Day, deceased, are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 9, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8096; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:49 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18132]

WILHELMINE JARCK

In re: Estate of Wilhelmine Jarck, deceased. File No. D-28-13039.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Richard Gugg, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident

of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

2. That the domiciliary personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown of Wilhelmine Jarck, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Germany, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany),

3. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons identified in subparagraphs 1 and 2 hereof in and to the estate of Wilhelmine Jarck, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

4. That such property is in the process of administration by John C. Glenn, Public Administrator of Queens County, as administrator, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surogate's Court of Queens County, New York;

and it is hereby determined:

5. That to the extent that the person identified in subparagraph 1 hereof and the domiciliary personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of Wilhelmine Jarck, are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 9, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

[F R. Doc. 51-8097; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:50 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18133]

GEORGE LUTZ

In re: Estate of George Lutz, also known as George Luz, deceased. File No. D-28-13029.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Gottlieb Lutz, Martin Lutz, Marie Renz and Paulina Walter, whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons identified in subparagraph 1 hereof, and each of them, in and to the estate of George Lutz, also known as George Luz, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

3. That such property is in the process of administration by Francis J. Mulligan, Public Administrator of New York County, as Administrator, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court of New York County, New York;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons identified in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 9, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8098; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:50 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18134]

ELSE SCHAPOKS

In re: Estate of Else Schapoks, deceased. File No. F-28-31509.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Dorothea Schapoks, Emilie Pawel nee Schapoks, Friedrich Hermann and Olga Rokitta Schapoks nee Schlemo, each of whose last known address is Germany are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

2. That the domiciliary personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of David Schapoks, deceased, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Germany, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

3. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons identified in subparagraphs 1 and 2 hereof, and each of them, in and to the Estate of Else Schapoks, deceased, is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to or which is evidence of ownership or control by the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany),

4. That such property is in the process of administration by The Public Administrator of New York County, New York, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court of New York County, New York;

and it is hereby determined:

5. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof and the domiciliary personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of David Schapoks, deceased, are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 9, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8099; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:50 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18136]

CARL F VON CLEMM

In re: Coupons owned by Carl F von Clemm. D-28-1347-A-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Carl F von Clemm, whose last known address is 33 Berlinerstrasse, Charlotenberg, Berlin, Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany),

2. That the property described as follows: Three Hundred Twenty (320) coupons appurtenant to the following numbered bonds of the German Government external loan of 1930 5½% bonds, which coupons were due June 1, 1940 to December 1, 1941, both inclusive: 9290, 8286/89, 9213/14, 9154/56, 48607, 50802, 50851/4, 52994, 58084, 58144, 59020, 59483/6, 63051/53, 63468, 68703, 82113, 28291, 23021, 11586, 10819, 10390, 9311, 9307/10, 85363, 89065/67, 91701/706, 82524, 85005, 85356/62, 85364, 91707/08, 93401, 93403, 93402, 93404, 35492, 35490/91, 9153, 31348, 9152, 5272, 4544, 3444, 3443, 35988, 35989, 36338, 41403, presently in the custody of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York,

together with all rights thereunder and thereto,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Carl F. von Clemm, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany),

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 9, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8101; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:50 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18135]

BRABENDER, OFFENE HANDELSGESELLSCHAFT AND/OR C. W BRABENDER

In re: Debts owing to Brabender, Offene Handelsgesellschaft and/or C. W. Brabender. F-28-8476.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Brabender, Offene Handelsgesellschaft, the last known address of which is Duisburg am Rhein, Germany, is a corporation, partnership, association or other business organization, organized under the laws of Germany, and which has or, since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, has had its principal place of business in Duisburg am Rhein and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

2. That C. W Brabender, on or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, and on or since December 11, 1941, has been a resident of Germany and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

3. That the property described as follows:

a. That certain debt or other obligation owing to Brabender, Offene Handelsgesellschaft, by Brabender Corporation, Rochelle Park, New Jersey, arising out of an account payable reflected in the balance sheet of Brabender Corporation as of December 31, 1949, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

b. That certain debt or other obligation owing to Brabender, Offene Handelsgesellschaft, by Brabender Corporation, Rochelle Park, New Jersey, arising out of advances for customs duty as of June 1, 1939, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

c. That certain debt or other obligation owing to Brabender, Offene Handelsgesellschaft, by Brabender Corporation, Rochelle Park, New Jersey, arising out of the sale of merchandise being part of a consignment depot maintained by Brabender, Offene Handelsgesellschaft, with Brabender Corporation, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

d. That certain debt or other obligation owing to C. W Brabender or Brabender, Offene Handelsgesellschaft, by Brabender Corporation, Rochelle Park, New Jersey, arising out of a loan granted on or about November 1, 1938, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same, and

e. That certain debt or other obligation owing to C. W. Brabender or Brabender, Offene Handelsgesellschaft, by Arthur Hartkopf of Rochelle Park, New Jersey, arising out of a loan granted on or about June 19, 1939, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Brabender, Offene Handelsgesellschaft, and/or C. W. Brabender, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany),

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraphs 1 and 2 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 9, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8100; Filed July 13, 1951; 8:50 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18133]

CONVERSION OFFICE FOR GERMAN FOREIGN DEBTS ET AL.

In re: Bank accounts and scrip owned by Conversion Office for German Foreign Debts, also known as Konversionskasse fuer Deutsche Auslandsschulden and/or others. F-28-1781.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Conversion Office for German Foreign Debts, also known as Konversionskasse fuer Deutsche Auslandsschulden, the last known address of which is Berlin, Germany is a public corporation organized under the laws of Germany and which has or, since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, has had its principal place of business in Berlin, Germany and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany),

2. That the issuers of the German dollar bond issues, described in Exhibit A, set forth below and by reference made a part hereof, whose last known addresses are Germany, are corporations, partnerships, associations or other business organizations, organized under the laws of Germany, and which have or, since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, have had their principal places of business in Germany, and are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany),

3. That the property described as follows:

a. Those certain debts or other obligations of City Bank Farmers Trust Company, 22 William Street, New York, New York, in the aggregate amount of $10,603.00, as of June 14, 1941, represented by funds held by the aforesaid City Bank Farmers Trust Company, as Special Agent, for payment of coupons maturing between July 1, 1933 and June 30, 1934 both inclusive, appurtenant to the German Dollar Bond issues described in Exhibit A, set forth below and by reference made a part hereof, under an offer of the aforesaid Conversion Office for German Foreign Debts to holders of such coupons, together with any and all accruals thereto and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same, and

b. Those certain Reichsmarks certificates of indebtedness of the aforesaid Conversion Office for German Foreign Debts, in the aggregate amount of RM 45,727, presently in the custody of City Bank Farmers Trust Company, 22 William Street, New York, New York, said certificates of indebtedness having been offered by the said Conversion Office for German Foreign Debts, together with the funds referred to in subparagraph 3a above, in settlement of coupons maturing between July 1, 1933 and June 30, 1934, both inclusive, appurtenant to the German Dollar Bond issues described in the aforesaid Exhibit A, and any and all rights thereunder and thereto.

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of

ownership or control by, Conversion Office for German Foreign Debts, also known as Konversionskasse fuer Deutsche Auslandsschulden, and/or the persons identified in subparagraph 2 hereof, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 and the persons identified in subparagraph 2 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 9, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

Bank of Silesian Landowners Association (Schlesische Landschaftliche Bank zu Breslau), First Mortgage Collateral 6 percent Sinking Fund Gold Dollar Bonds due August 1, 1947.

City of Cologne, 25 years 6½ percent Sinking Fund Gold Dollar Bonds due March 15, 1950.

Dortmund Municipal Utilities, 20 Year 6½ percent Sinking Fund Gold Dollar Bonds due October 1, 1948.

Province of Hanover Harz Water Works, First Series 6 percent Gold Dollar Bonds due August 1, 1957.

Province of Hanover Harz Water Works, Second Series 6½ percent Gold Dollar Bonds due February 1, 1949.

State of Wurttemberg, Consolidated External Municipal Loan of 1925 7 percent Serial Gold Dollar Bonds.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8103; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:50 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18137]

CONCORDIA LEBENS-VERSICHERUNGS-AKTIEN-GESELLSCHAFT

In re: Bonds owned by Concordia Lebens - Versicherungs Aktien - Gesellschaft. F-28-31488.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Concordia Lebens-Versicherungs Aktien-Gesellschaft, the last known address of which is Cologne, Germany, is a corporation, partnership, association or other business organization, organized under the laws of Germany, and which has or, since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, has had its principal place of business in Germany, and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

2. That the property described as follows: Those certain debts or other obligations, matured or unmatured, evidenced by three (3) Union Pacific Railroad Company, First Mortgage Railroad & Land Grant 4% Bonds of $1,000.00 face value each, in bearer form, bearing the numbers M12791, 22988 and 81800, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the aforesaid debts or other obligations, together with any and all rights in, to and under said bonds,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany),

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 9, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8102; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:50 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18139]

CONVERSION OFFICE FOR GERMAN FOREIGN DEBTS ET AL.

In re: Bank accounts and scrip owned by Conversion Office for German Foreign Debts, also known as Konversionskasse fuer Deutsche Auslandsschulden and/or others. F-28-1781.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Conversion Office for German Foreign Debts, also known as Konversionskasse fuer Deutsche Auslandsschulden, the last known address of which is Berlin, Germany, is a public corporation organized under the laws of Germany and which has or, since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, has had its principal place of business in Berlin, Germany and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

2. That the issuers of the German dollar bond issues, described in Exhibit A, set forth below and by reference made a part hereof, whose last known addresses are Germany, are corporations, partnerships, associations or other business organizations, organized under the laws of Germany, and which have or, since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, have had their principal places of business in Germany, and are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany),

3. That the property described as follows:

a. Those certain debts or other obligations of The National City Bank of New York, 55 Wall Street, New York City, New York, in the aggregate amount of $75,273.00, as of June 14, 1941, represented by funds held by the aforesaid The National City Bank of New York, as Special Agent, for payment of coupons maturing between July 1, 1933 and June 30, 1934, both dates inclusive, appurtenant to the German Dollar Bond issues described in Exhibit A, set forth below and by reference made a part hereof, under an offer of the aforesaid Conversion Office for German Foreign Debts to holders of such coupons, together with any and all accruals thereto and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same, and

b. Those certain Reichsmarks certificates of indebtedness of the aforesaid Conversion Office for German Foreign Debts, in the aggregate amount of approximately RM 327,718, presently in the custody of The National City Bank of New York, 55 Wall Street, New York City, New York, said certificates of indebtedness having been offered by the said Conversion Office for German Foreign Debts, together with the funds referred to in subparagraph 3a above, in settlement of coupons maturing between July 1, 1933 and June 30, 1934, both dates inclusive, appurtenant to the German Dollar Bond issues described in the aforesaid Exhibit A, and any and all rights thereunder and thereto,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Conversion Office for German Foreign Debts, also known as Konversionskasse fuer Deutsche Auslandsschulden, and/or the persons identified in subparagraph 2 hereof, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 and the persons identified in subparagraph 2 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons

be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 9, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

City of Duesseldorf (Germany), 7 percent External Serial Gold Bonds of 9/1/25.

General Electric Company, Germany (Allgemeine Elecktricitats-Gesellschaft), 6 percent Twenty Year Sinking Fund Gold Debentures due 1948.

General Electric Company, Germany (Allgemeine Elecktricitats-Gesellschaft) 6½ percent Fifteen Year Sinking Fund Gold Debentures due 1940.

General Electric Company, Germany (Allgemeine Elecktricitats-Gesellschaft), 7 percent Twenty Year Sinking Fund Gold Debentures due 1945.

German Central Bank for Agriculture (Deutsche Rentenbank-Kreditanstalt Landwirtschaftliche Zentralbank), 6 percent Farm Loan Secured Sinking Fund Gold Bonds, Series A due 1938.

German Central Bank for Agriculture (Deutsche Rentenbank-Kreditanstalt Landwirtschaftliche Zentralbank), 6 percent Farm Loan Secured Sinking Fund Gold Bonds due 7/15/60.

German Central Bank for Agriculture (Deutsche Rentenbank-Kreditanstalt Landwirtschaftliche Zentralbank), 6 percent Farm Loan Secured Sinking Fund Gold Bonds, Second Series, due 10/15/60.

German Central Bank for Agriculture (Deutsche Rentenbank-Kreditanstalt Landwirtschaftliche Zentralbank), First Lien 7 percent Farm Loan Sinking Fund Gold Bonds due 1950.

Harpen Mining Corporation (Harpener Bergbau Aktien-Gesellschaft). 6 percent Mortgage Gold Bonds due 1949.

Ilseder Steel Corporation (Ilseder Hutts), 6 percent Gold Mortgage Bonds due 1949.

Rhine-Westphalia Electric Power Corporation (Rheinisch Westfalisches Elektrizitatswerk Aktien-Gesellschaft), 6 percent Direct Mortgage Gold Bonds due 1952.

Rhine-Westphalia Electric Power Corporation (Rheinisch Westfalisches Elektrizitatswerk Aktien-Gesellschaft), 6 percent Consolidated Mortgage Gold Bonds due 1953.

Rhine-Westphalia Electric Power Corporation (Rheinisch Westfalisches Elektrizitatswerk Aktien-Gesellschaft), 6 percent Consolidated Mortgage Gold Bonds due 1955.

Rhine-Westphalia Electric Power Corporation (Rheinisch Westfalisches Elektrizitatswerk Aktien-Gesellschaft), 7 percent Secured Gold Notes due 1938.

Rhine-Westphalia Electric Power Corporation (Rheinisch Westfalisches Elektrizitatswerk Aktien-Gesellschaft), 7 percent Direct Mortgage Gold Bonds due 1950.

Saxon Public Works Inc. (Aktiengesellschaft Sachsische Werke), 5 percent Notes due 1932; to be exchanged for 6 percent Notes due 1937.

Saxon Public Works Inc. (Aktiengesellschaft Sachsische Werke), 6 percent Notes due 1937.

Saxon Public Works Inc. (Aktiengesellschaft Sachsische Werke), 6½ percent General and Refunding Mortgage Guaranteed Gold Bonds due 1951.

Saxon Public Works Inc. (Aktiengesellschaft Sachsische Werke), 7 percent First Mortgage Twenty Year Guaranteed Gold Bonds due 1945.

Saxon State Mortgage Institution (Sachsische Landespfandbriefanstalt), 6 percent Collateral Mortgage Sinking Fund Guaranteed Gold Bonds due 1947.

Saxon State Mortgage Institution (Sachsische Landespfandbriefanstalt), 6½ percent Collateral Mortgage Sinking Fund Guaranteed Gold Bonds due 1946.

Saxon State Mortgage Institution (Sachsische Landespfandbriefanstalt), 7 percent Collateral Mortgage Sinking Fund Guaranteed Gold Bonds due 1945.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8104; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18140]

CONVERSION OFFICE FOR GERMAN FOREIGN DEBTS

In re: Scrip owned by Conversion Office for German Foreign Debts, also known as Konversionskasse für Deutsche Auslandsschulden. F-28-2268, F-28-2307-E-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Conversion Office for German Foreign Debts, also known as Konversionskasse für Deutsche Auslandsschulden, the last known address of which is Berlin, C111, Germany, is a public corporation organized under the laws of Germany and which has, or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, has had its principal place of business in Berlin, Germany, and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany),

2. That the property described as follows:

a. Those certain Reichsmarks certificates of indebtedness of Conversion Office for German Foreign Debts in the aggregate amount of RM 8360, presently in the custody of Brown Brothers Harriman & Co., 59 Wall Street, New York 5, New York, said certificates of indebtedness having been offered by the said Conversion Office in partial settlement of coupons appertaining to the "City of Hanover 10-Year External 7 percent Convertible Gold Bonds due 1939," and any and all rights thereunder and thereto, and

b. Those certain Reichsmarks certificates of indebtedness of Conversion Office for German Foreign Debts in the aggregate amount of RM 10,745, presently in the custody of Brown Brothers Harriman & Co., 59 Wall Street, New York 5, New York, said certificates of indebtedness having been offered by the said Conversion Office in partial settlement of coupons appertaining to the "Good Hope Steel and Iron Works 7 percent S. F. Mortgage Dollar Bonds, due October 15, 1945", and any and all rights thereunder and thereto,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by Conversion Office for German Foreign Debts, also known as Konversionskasse für Deutsche Auslandsschulden, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany),

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 9, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8105; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18141]

ANNA MARGARETH KOHL HALBACH

In re: Funds beneficially owned by Anna Margareth Kohl Halbach. F-28-31212.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Anna Margareth Kohl Halbach, whose last known address is 39 Nording Landau/Pfalz, Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

2. That the property described as follows: Any and all rights of Mrs. Anna Margareth Kohl Halbach to the sum of $3,492.20 representing unclaimed wages due her son, Walter C. Halbach, Deceased, a seaman who died on November 7, 1942 as a result of war activities while serving on the S. S. East Indian, said sum having been deposited with the Treasury Department of the United States, in Miscellaneous Receipt Account 10-591 "Forfeitures, Wages of Seamen Remaining in Registry of Courts More Than Six (6) Years," including in particular all rights to demand, enforce and collect a claim thereto under General Regulation 104, Revised April 5, 1951, issued by the

Comptroller General of the United States,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany),

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such a person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 9, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8106; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18142]

JUNKERS & CO., G. M. B. H.

In re: Bank accounts owned by Junkers & Co., G. m. b. H. and other German nationals whose names are unknown. D-28-723.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That although the names of the owners of the property described in subparagraph 3a hereof are not available, such persons, who, if individuals, there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Germany and, if partnerships, corporations, associations, or other organizations, there is reasonable cause to believe are organized under the laws of, or have or, on or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, have had their principal places of business in Germany, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

2. That Junkers & Co., G. m. b. H., whose last known address is Germany is a corporation organized under the laws of Germany, which has or on or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, has had its principal place of business in Germany, and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

3. That the property described as follows:

a. That certain debt or other obligation of the Continental Illinois National Bank and Trust Company, 231 South LaSalle Street, Chicago 90, Illinois, arising out of an account entitled "Askania Regulator Company, Commercial Checking Account No. 2," maintained with said Continental Illinois National Bank and Trust Company of Chicago, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same, and

b. Cash in the amount of $9,266.86, presently in the custody of the Attorney General of the United States, representing the proceeds of a check numbered 10000A, drawn by Askania Regulator Company, 240 East Ontario Street, Chicago 11, Illinois, on its checking account entitled "Commercial Checking Account No. 3," maintained with the Continental Illinois National Bank and Trust Company of Chicago, 231 South LaSalle Street, Chicago 90, Illinois, payable to the Attorney General of the United States, and any and all rights in and to the aforesaid cash,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the persons referred to in subparagraphs 1 and 2 hereof, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany),

and it is determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons referred to in subparagraphs 1 and 2 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 9, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8107; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18143]

SHOZO MIDZUTANI

In re: Bond owned by Shozo Midzutani. F-39-5495-A-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Shozo Midzutani, whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan)

2. That the property described as follows: One (1) The Oriental Development Company, Limited, External Loan Thirty Year 6% Gold Debenture Bond of $1,000.00 face value, in bearer form, bearing the number M15445, presently in the custody of The Office of Alien Property, 120 Broadway, New York 5, New York, together with any and all rights thereunder and thereto,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan),

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 9, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8108; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18144]

JOHN MUSSER

In re: Interest in funds and claims of the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of John Musser, deceased. F-28-17608.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of John Musser, deceased, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Germany, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. Any and all rights and interests in any funds presently on deposit with the Bureau of Accounts, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., in a special deposit account entitled "Secretary of the Treasury, Proceeds of Withheld Foreign Checks," representing the proceeds of withheld checks drawn for payment of Railroad Retirement Benefits to John Musser, deceased, to the date of his demise, April 16, 1945, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the aforesaid funds, and

b. Any and all rights, interests and claims to survivor benefits to January 1, 1947 under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1935 as amended (Public Law 399, 74th Cong., 1st Sess., 49 Stat. 967) arising out of the demise of John Musser, Railroad Retirement Board reference No. A-38770, together with any and all rights to file, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of John Musser, deceased, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of John Musser, deceased, are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 9, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8109; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18147]

ELISABETH REINCKE VON PLATO AND ARTHUR FRIEDRICH VON LINDEINER

In re: Securities owned by and debt owing to Elisabeth Reincke von Plato and Arthur Friedrich von Lindeiner, also known as Arthur von Wildau. F-28-30383-A-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Elisabeth Reincke von Plato, whose last known address is Hannover, Klefeld, Kantstrasse 4, Germany, and Arthur Friedrich von Lindeiner, also known as Arthur von Wildau, whose last known address is Hamburg-Rezzen, Klovensteenweg 151, Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany),

2. That the property described as follows:

a. One hundred (100) shares of $50.00 par value common stock of Anaconda Copper Mining Co., 25 Broadway, New York, New York, evidenced by a certificate numbered 709434, registered in the name of and presently in the custody of Kidder Peabody & Co., 17 Wall Street, New York 5, New York, in an account for William T. Reincke, Jr., together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

b. Fifteen (15) shares of $5.00 par value common stock of E. I. Dupont de Nemours & Co., 1007 Market Street, Wilmington, Delaware, evidenced by a certificate numbered E 709087, registered in the name of and presently in the custody of Kidder Peabody & Co., 17 Wall Street, New York 5, New York, in an account for William T. Reincke, Jr., together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

c. One hundred (100) shares of common stock of General Motors Corporation, 1775 Broadway, New York, New York, evidenced by certificates numbered E 964-627 and E 969-108, registered in the name of and presently in the custody of Kidder Peabody & Co., 17 Wall Street, New York 5, New York, in an account for William T. Reincke, Jr., together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

d. Five (5) shares of no par value common stock of the Standard Oil Company of California, San Francisco, California, evidenced by a certificate numbered SF/C 309220, registered in the name of and presently in the custody of Kidder Peabody & Co., 17 Wall Street, New York 5, New York, in an account for William T. Reincke, Jr., together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon, and

e. That certain debt or other obligation of Kidder Peabody & Co., 17 Wall Street, New York 5, New York, arising out of a Monetary Deposit held for the account of William T. Reincke, Jr., together with any and all accruals to the aforesaid debt or other obligation, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Elisabeth Reincke von Plato and Arthur Friedrich von Lindeiner, also known as Arthur von Wildau, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country, (Germany),

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest.

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 9, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8112; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:52 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18148]

L. SCHULER, A. G.

In re: Debt owing to L. Schuler, A. G. F-28-11092-C-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That L. Schuler, A. G., the last known address of which is Coppingen-Württ, Germany, is a corporation, partnership, association or other business organization, organized under the laws of Germany, and which has or, since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, has had its principal place of business in Germany, and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation owing to L. Schuler, A. G., by Engineering and Research Corporation, P. O. Box 209, Hyattsville, Maryland, arising out of commissions and other compensation due said L. Schuler, A. G., together with any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany),

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the

national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 9, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8113; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:52 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18149]

PAUL SCHULZ

In re: Bank account owned by and debt owing to Paul Schulz. F-28-27591-E-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Paul Schulz, on or since December 11, 1941, and on or since the effective date of Exceutive Order 8389, as amended, is or has been a resident of Germany and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

2. That the property described as follows:

a. That certain debt or other obligation owing to Paul Schulz by the Credit Suisse, New York Agency, 30 Pine Street, New York, New York, arising out of a Current Account entitled "Direktor Paul Schulz", maintained with the aforesaid Agency, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same, and

b. That certain debt or other obligation of the Credit Suisse, New York Agency, 30 Pine Street, New York, New York, arising out of funds allocable to Paul Schulz, on deposit in the blocked account of Credit Suisse, Zurich, maintained with the aforesaid New York Agency, together with any and all accruals to the aforesaid debt or other obligation and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Paul Schulz, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 9, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8114; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:52 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18150]

VAN DISSEL, RODE & CO., SUCS.

In re: Bank account owned by Van Dissel, Rode & Co., Sucs.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Ana Dolores Gonzalez Moll and Anita Moll Gonzalez, on or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, and on or since December 11, 1941, have been residents of Germany and are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

2. That the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Hermann A. Meywald, deceased, and of Oscar Heinrich Theodore Sinram, deceased, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Germany, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

3. That Van Dissel, Rode & Co., Sucs. is a corporation, partnership, association or other business organization, organized under the laws of Venezuela, whose principal place of business is located at Maracaibo, Venezuela, and is or, since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, has been owned or controlled by or acting or purporting to act directly or indirectly for the benefit or on behalf of the aforesaid Ana Dolores Gonzalez Moll and Anita Moll Gonzalez and the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Hermann A. Meywald, deceased, and of Oscar Heinrich Theodore Sinram, deceased, and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany),

4. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation of the Bank of The Manhattan Company, 40 Wall Street, New York, New York, arising out of a blocked account entitled Warburg & Co., in Liquidation, Depot "B" maintained at the aforesaid Bank of The Manhattan Company, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by Van Dissel, Rode & Co., Sucs., the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

and it is hereby determined:

5. That Van Dissel, Rode & Co., Sucs, is controlled by or acting for or on behalf of a designated enemy country (Germany) or persons within such country and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany),

6. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraphs 1 and 3 hereof, and referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof, are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 9, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8115; Filed, July 13, 1951; 8:53 a. m.]